AMENDED

LOUISIANA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY LOW-INCOME HOUSING TAX CREDIT PROGRAM RESERVATIONS OF CREDIT CEILING FOR CALENDAR YEAR 2006 SECOND FUND ROUND AND PROJECT REPROCESSING

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I. GENERAL

The devastation to Louisiana's housing stock and the acute housing crisis caused by Hurricanes Katrina and Rita demand that additional affordable housing be produced to shelter the tens of thousands of displaced Louisiana residents.

Pursuant to the Gulf Opportunity Zone Act of 2005 and in response to Hurricanes Katrina and Rita, the United States Congress provided a number of tax benefits for areas defined as GO Zones. The increase in the housing credit ceiling for the State of Louisiana that may be allocated by the Louisiana Housing Finance Agency (the "Agency") to buildings located in the Gulf Opportunity Zone of the State is equal to \$18.00 multiplied by the portion of the State population which is in the Gulf Opportunity Zone. This additional housing credit dollar amount is referred to as the "Gulf Opportunity Amount."

A list of the parishes in the GO Zone for Louisiana, including the population of each parish as determined by the latest census data and the Gulf Opportunity Amount equal to \$56,759,274 to be allocated in each of calendar years 2006, 2007 and 2008, is available from the Agency. Any Gulf Opportunity Amount available in each calendar year that the Agency does not allocate in each such calendar year will be lost to the State. The 2006 Qualified Allocation Plan for the 2006 State Credit Ceiling is hereby amended and restated to provide for a second funding round to allocate the Gulf Opportunity Amount and other credits available during calendar year 2006 and to permit a special reprocessing of projects which have received either an allocation of credits from a prior credit ceiling or a reservation of credits from the existing 2006 credit ceiling.

- A. Reservation of Tax Credits: At least 10% of the Tax Credit Ceiling will be set-aside for use by qualified non-profit organizations which must materially participate in the development and operation of a qualified low-income housing project for at least the 15 year compliance period of the LIHTC Program in accordance with the requirement of Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Tax Credits under the LIHTC Program will be available only with respect to projects or buildings (including certain qualified rehabilitation expenditures incurred through the first taxable year of the credit period) for which an audit by an independent certified public accountant is submitted of a project's sources and uses and eligible basis.
- B. <u>Carryover Allocation of Tax Credits</u>: Projects may qualify for a carry-forward allocation of tax credits under the Ten Percent (10%) Basis Exception. A Taxpayer/Owner must deliver to the Agency all carry forward allocation documentation, including an appropriate attorney or CPA opinion in the format prescribed by the Agency, on or before October 1, 2006. This deadline will not be extended for a reservation of the Gulf Opportunity Amount unless there

are exceptional circumstances justifying a waiver of this deadline to not later than December 15, 2006.

- Certification, Syndication Cost Certification, GAAP Audit and Baseline Operating Budget must be received by not later than the April 1st of the calendar year following the year in which the Project is placed in service. The GAAP audit must specifically identify any unexpended contingency construction reserve and any operating/rent up reserve. The carry forward allocation of credits is subject to recapture if required certifications, audit and Baseline Operating Budget are not received by such date. The Taxpayer/Owner may request only a one-year extension for submission of the certificates and audits from the Agency and only if the Taxpayer has elected to begin the first year of the credit period following the year in which the Project is placed in service. Payment of developer fees to CHDO or non-profit partners partnering with a for-profit as a co-developer must be shown as fully paid in the placed in service audit. CHDOs and non-profit partners must receive not less than twenty percent (20%) of the Developer Fee for transactions receiving tax credits.
- (ii) Annual Audit: Following the placed in service date of a project, Taxpayers must submit annual hard copy and electronic audits to the Agency in a format prescribed in the Agency's audit instructions and using the Chart of Accounts prescribed by the Agency. All cash distributions and withdrawals from operating reserves and/or reserves for replacement must be explained in footnotes to the audit and all payments to Related Persons and contractors with an identity of interests to the Taxpayer/Owner must be identified. Annual audits must be received by not later than April 1st of each calendar year if the fiscal year is a calendar year or not later than ninety (90) days following the end of a fiscal year that is not a calendar year. All audits must be submitted to:

Louisiana Housing Finance Agency Attn: Internal Audit Department 2415 Quail Drive Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70808

- D. <u>Compliance Training Requirements</u>: Taxpayer/Owners will be required to evidence to the Agency at least ninety (90) days prior to a Project's Placed In Service Date that the proposed on-site manager or the Management Company has completed compliance training within the prior (12) twelve months in a program deemed acceptable to the Agency in accordance with industry recognized training standards. <u>No Form 8609 will be issued without evidence of such training</u>.
- E. Fees to CHDO or Non-profit General Partner: Prior to delivery of Form 8609 a for-profit co-general partner with a CHDO or non-profit general partner must certify payment of the fee paid to the CHDO or non-profit general partner is consistent with Development Services Agreement submitted with the Tax Credit Application. Developer Fees to CHDOs or non-profit general partners in partners in connection with projects receiving an allocation must not be less than twenty percent (20%) of the total Developer Fees.
- F. <u>Certification of Architectural Plans and Specifications</u>: At least 45 days prior to commencement of construction or Substantial Rehabilitation of a project, the owner must submit

certification of architect that (i) the unit configuration by bedroom size and square footage by bedroom size is consistent with the configuration in the project's Application, (ii) the project as completed complies with Fair Housing Accessibility Guidelines and (iii) if HOME or other federal funds have been invested, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

II. <u>APPLICATION SUBMISSION</u>

A. <u>Competitive Applications</u>: Applicants for a Tax Credit reservation from the Calendar Year 2006 Credit Ceiling must submit one original LIHTC Application with original signatures plus one copy, along with a non-refundable Application Fee and Analysis Fee (and the Subsidy Layering Review Fee, if applicable). A fee must be computed in accordance with the Non-Refundable Fee Schedule specified in Section VII.

Applications Must be Complete: Applications must be complete and be accompanied by the appropriate fees in order to be reviewed by the Agency. Fees must be paid only by cashier's check or money order. An Application must be submitted on the official Agency approved Application diskette. A hard copy of the Application as printed from the completed diskette must also be originally executed and transmitted to the Agency, along with one copy of the executed version. Both the original and copy of each Application shall have every section and/or Appendix tabbed. The Application should not be in a fixed binder. Spiral binding, however, is acceptable. Failure to tab the Application will result in penalty points being assessed. An Application submitted on the Agency's diskette is not complete if (i) a notarized signature page with original executions of the Application is not submitted with the diskette, (ii) any other certification required to be executed and/or notarized is not submitted by the Application deadline or (iii) Required Exhibits are not submitted for each hard copy of the Application by the Application deadline.

Failure to submit originally executed and/or notarized documents will result in the Application being deemed incomplete and subject to disqualification. NOTWITHSTANDING THE USE OF THE AGENCY'S DISKETTE, APPLICANTS REMAIN RESPONSIBLE AND ACCOUNTABLE FOR THE ACCURACY OF INFORMATION SUBMITTED AND FOR COMPLIANCE WITH PRESCRIBED RULES BY IRS AND THE AGENCY.

<u>Required Exhibits:</u> An Application is not complete if Required Exhibits are not submitted with the Application by the Final Application Deadline.

<u>Preliminary Application Review</u>: There will be no preliminary review of Applications submitted for the Second Funding Round.

<u>Final Application Deadline</u>: The Application deadline for delivering complete Applications for review is:

4:30 p.m., Central Standard Time, Monday, April 17, 2006

Applications not received at the Agency on or before the deadline date must be postmarked on or before the deadline date and must be received at the LOUISIANA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY office no later than two (2) business days following the deadline date. Applications

are not considered delivered if mailed or delivered to a location other than the offices of the Agency:

Louisiana Housing Finance Agency 2415 Quail Drive Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70808 Attention: LIHTC Program

Notice to Applicant and Rank Ordering of Applications: The Agency will notify the applicant upon receipt of an Application for preliminary and/or final review. Information will not be provided as to the Application's processing status during the review and selection process following the Final Application Deadline. However, the Agency's staff will process the score of each Application and submit the processed score for review to the Board of Commissioners by May 10, 2006. Following the submission to the Agency's Board of Commissioners of the staff's scoring of each Application, each applicant will receive a copy of its Application's score, a copy of its feasibility and viability analysis and the tentative rank order list of all Applications. For a ten (10) calendar day period following publication of the tentative rank order list of each Application, an applicant may challenge in writing the staff's disqualification of a particular Selection Criteria point award. Written objections during the ten (10) day challenge period may be based only upon the interpretation of information submitted by the Final Application Deadline. No new or supplemental information will be considered by the Agency in the review process after the Final Application Deadline. Based upon such written challenges, the staff will submit a supplemental report at the next meeting of the Board of Commissioners concerning the scoring of each Application following the processing of written challenges and any revision to the tentative rank order of all Applications. The Board of Commissioners will approve the Final Rank Order of all Applications. No other information will be provided as to an Application's processing status during the review and selection process following the Final Application Deadline. THE FINAL RANK ORDER OF AN APPLICATION DOES NOT CONSTITUTE ANY ENTITLEMENT TO A RESERVATION OF TAX CREDITS IF A PROJECT IS OTHERWISE NOT FEASIBLE OR NOT VIABLE OR FAILS TO SATISFY THE MINIMUM SCORE UNDER THE QAP.

Agency Requests for Supplemental Data and/or Clarification: The Agency retains the right to request supplemental data to support information contained in an Application and/or information to explain or clarify data contained in an Application.

Minimum Score: The qualified allocation plan for the Tax Credit Ceiling for calendar year 2006 requires that an Application evidence a minimum score of **160 points** in accordance with the published selection criteria prior to receipt of a reservation of tax credits.

<u>Tie-Breaking Procedures</u>: Tax credits for Applications submitted for a competitive funding round will be reserved to projects in descending order of score until all tax credits available for reservation have been reserved. In the event of a tie between Applications for which there are insufficient credits to reserve to each project, the Agency will use published tie-breaking procedures.

<u>Communication with Contact Person</u>: The Agency will communicate only with the contact person listed in the Application. Information received from persons other than the contact person will be disregarded by the Agency.

<u>Noncompliance in Other Agency Programs</u>: Developers cited for non-compliance in a project/program administered by the Agency or by an Agency or department of the United States shall not receive a reservation/allocation of credits unless or until such non-compliance is cleared.

Reservations Pursuant to Qualified Allocation Plan and Federal Regulations: The Agency reserves the right to make and revise reservations according to the Agency's qualified allocation plan and in accordance with published federal regulations, rulings, guidelines and notices.

Estimated Competitive Application Timetable:

-QAP Public Hearing:
-Board Approval of QAP:
-Tax Credit Workshop:
-Final Application deadline:
-Board Approval of Rank Order:
-Reservation of Tax Credits by Board:
-Reservation of Tax Credits by Board:
-Board Approval of Rank Order:
-Reservation of Tax Credits by Board:

B. Bond Financed Applications: Applications desiring to verify that a bond financed project satisfies the Qualified Allocation Plan must submit one original LIHTC Application plus one copy, along with the non-refundable Application and analysis fees (and the Subsidy Layering Review Fee, if applicable) computed in accordance with the Non-Refundable Fee Schedule. Processing of bond financed projects must be submitted to the Agency 45 days in advance of the meeting at which such project will be reviewed by the Agency's Board of Commissioner's in accordance with the latest approved Qualified Allocation Plan. Bond financed projects must satisfy all elements of the Qualified Allocation Plan. Cost and profit limitations and minimum score may be waived by the Governor in the executive order allocating private activity volume cap or by the Agency's Board of Commissioners following a review that determines that such additional costs are justifiable and reasonable under the circumstances or are attributable to unique development characteristics (e.g. location in a difficult to develop area, limited commercial space or tenant services or common areas essential to the character of the development). Taxpayer/Owners of bond-financed projects must enter into an appropriate regulatory agreement and compliance monitoring agreement prior to receiving Forms 8609.

III. TIMING OF 2006 CREDIT CEILING RESERVATIONS FOR COMPETITIVE APPLICATIONS

The Agency will reserve tax credits with respect to the 2006 Credit Ceiling Second Funding Round at the regularly scheduled meeting of the Agency's Board of Commissioners in the month of <u>June 2006</u>. Reservation for the Economic Development Project may be made as Applications are processed.

IV. MAXIMUM TAX CREDITS

A. <u>Developer Limits</u>: No Developer, related persons thereof or agents thereof or any person having an identity of interest with any Developer, related persons thereof or agents thereof or any combination of the foregoing shall be reserved tax credits during the Second Funding Round in excess of \$6,500,000.

B. Project Limits:

- (i) GO Zone and Non-GO Zone Limits: The maximum tax credit allocation per project for all new project applications will be \$1,250,000 for projects in the GO Zone and \$750,000 for projects outside of the GO Zone. Mixed-income projects in the GO Zone are not subject to the one million two hundred fifty thousand dollar cap provided that no more than 40% of the units are low income units.
- (ii) <u>Bond Financed Projects</u>: The limitation of tax credits per project shall not apply to the tax credits which are generated from a bond financing if the total number of low income units in the project is approved by the local governmental unit in which the project is located after a public hearing. The public hearing must follow a Notice of Public Hearing published at least 14 days prior to the hearing. Such Public Notice must specify the number and percentage of low-income units in the project if the project contains fifty or more units or, if not specified in the Public Notice, the number and percentage of low-income units in the Project must be approved by the governing authority of the jurisdiction within which the Project is located

V. AGGREGATE POOLS

- A. Aggregate Pools: Tax Credits will be allocated from two basic pools: (i) a GO Zone Pool and (ii) a Balance of State Pool. A listing of the parishes in the GO Zone and outside of the GO Zone is available on the Agency's web site and/or may be obtained by contacting the Agency's tax credit staff. The GO Zone Pool will be used to allocate the Gulf Opportunity Amount and the Balance of State Pool will allocate the State housing credit ceiling determined pursuant to Section 42(h)(3)(C), including clauses (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv). Each of the basic pools will have sub-pools consisting of a Nonprofit Sub-pool and a PHA Sub-pool each containing fifteen percent (15%) of the credits in the relevant basic pool. A Reprocessing Subpool equal to ten percent (10%) of each basic pool will be available to accommodate the reprocessing applications for projects that were damaged by Hurricanes Katrina or Rita or which additional incurred costs. A separate sub-pool equal to \$3,000,000 will be available for processing projects previously placed in service in the GO Zone that have been damaged by Hurricanes Katrina or Rita; provided, that (i) such projects must evidence all funds, including insurance proceeds, available to complete the rehabilitation, (ii) the maximum additional credits will be limited to \$500,000 per project, (iii) the applicant must submit a new and complete application by March 15, 2006 and (iv) after review by staff, any subsequent recommendations for approval, will be present to the Board of Commissioners on a case-by-case basis at the next scheduled Board Meeting.
- B. <u>Documents and Evidence to Qualify for Pools</u>. Each Application must specify the Congressional District and the Sub-pools from which the Applicant is seeking a reservation of tax credits.
 - (i) <u>Qualified Non-profit Pool or CHDO Pool</u>: Applicants for reservations from either the Qualified Non-Profit Pool or the CHDO Pool must submit the following:
 - IRS Determination Letter of 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) status
 - Articles and Bylaws
 - CHDO approval letter from participating jurisdiction if applying for CHDO Pool
 - Non-profit Participation Information as required by the Application
 - Development Services Agreement evidencing that Qualified Non-profit or CHDO will receive at least twenty percent (20%) of the Developer Fee.
 - (ii) <u>Public Housing Pool</u>. Applicants for a reservation from the Public Housing Pool must submit the following:
 - (a) A letter from the local public housing authority certifying that such local public housing authority sponsors the project,
 - (b) Evidence that the PHA or its subsidiary or affiliate will be the sole managing general partner or sole managing member of the Owner.

Organizational documents must show evidence that this requirement is satisfied as of any financial closing, and

- (c) Development Services Agreement evidencing that PHA or its subsidiary non-profit will receive one hundred percent (100%) of the Developer Fee.
- C. <u>Maximum Credits for Reprocessed Projects</u>: The maximum credits for a project requesting reprocessing will be \$500,000.
- D. <u>Material and Reprocessing Changes for Reprocessed Projects</u>: The overall unit composition of a reprocessed project application may not increase by more than 10%. Site changes are allowed for reprocessing applications but reprocessing fees will apply to reprocessing such applications. Any reprocessing change requiring more than \$500,000 in credits or a unit change in excess of 10% must submit a new application in the second competitive funding round as provided for in this Amendment. The 10% unit change maximum may be waived on a case by case basis by the Board of Commissioners. The deadline for requesting a reprocessing and reallocation is March 15, 2006.

VI. PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS, INSTRUCTIONS AND PROCEDURES

- A. <u>Local Community Notification</u>: The Applicant must include in the Application evidence that a Public Notice was published in a local newspaper having general circulation in the development area prior to the Application deadline. This notice must run for three (3) consecutive days and must include:
 - The name of the project owner
 - The project name
 - The project address or location
 - The maximum number of units
 - The nature of the project (i.e. new construction or rehabilitation, elderly or family, etc and construction type and occupancy type along with proposed community facility and supportive services
 - Total development cost including funding sources and amounts

The only accepted Proofs of Publication is (i) submission of newspaper tear sheet evidencing public notice or (ii) a certificate of publication from the newspaper in which the notice was published prior to the Application deadline.

- B. Market Study and Appraisals.
 - (i) <u>Market Study</u>: A detailed Market Study dated as of a date no earlier than 90 days prior to the Preliminary Application Deadline must be submitted by an Independent Qualified Housing Consultant approved by the Agency evidencing the housing needs of Targeted Households, Large Families, tenants with children, Special Needs Households (if project serves Special Needs Households) in the Market Area and the unmet needs of such individuals and families following the construction and/or development of the Project.
 - (a) <u>Format of Market Study</u>. The Market Study must provide information under noted boldfaced captions with tabs and an index to locate the following within the Market Study:
 - * **Executive Summary**: A statement summarizing the findings of the market study.
 - * **Credentials**: A statement of the experience and competence of the market analyst.
 - * Independence and No Identity of Interest: A certification that the market analyst is independent and has no identity of interest with the developer of the proposed or existing project and that the market analyst was retained to perform the market study without conditions, including compensation based upon finding market need.

- * **Property Site**: A description of the proposed property site along with a map site identifying area of the Project.
- * **Demographic Analysis**: Analysis of the Income Qualified Renter Demand in the market area.
- * Market Area: Geographic definition and analysis of the primary and secondary market area which Project serves.
- * Operations and Development Comparisons: A description of comparable developments in the market area served by Project, including the following information or analysis, labeled accordingly:
 - (a) <u>Subsidy</u> whether or not each comparable development is subsidized.
 - (b) <u>Rent Levels and Vacancy</u>: a description of rent levels and vacancy rates of comparable properties, including subsidized and non-subsidized developments in market area served by Project.
 - (c) <u>Operating Comparisons</u>: analysis of operating expenses using data from comparable properties in the market area served by Project, if available, or, if not available, using IREM of ULI data.
 - (d) <u>Project Operating Statement</u>: projected operating funds and expenses of the subject Project.
 - (e) <u>Public Housing</u>: a summary of (i) the number and quality of units in developments owned by the local public housing authority and a statement concerning vacancy rates and waiting lists and (ii) the number of vouchers administered by the local public housing authority and the estimate of the households on the waiting list for vouchers.
 - (f) <u>Absorption Analysis</u>: expected market absorption of the proposed rental housing units in the subject Project each month following certificate of occupancy.
 - (g) Market Impact Statement: A description of the impact of the proposed housing units in the market area, including the impact of the proposed housing units on tax credit and other existing affordable rental housing in market areas.
- * Federal Housing Agency Coordination: The Independent Qualified Housing Consultant must identify all multifamily housing developments in the primary market area of the proposed project which are financed by HUD, RD and the Agency. The consultant must provide a table evidencing the following information for each such project:
 - (i) Name of Project
 - (ii) Number of Units in Project
 - (iii) Type of Federal loan or credit enhancement, e.g., 515 loan, 202, 221(d)(4), etc.
 - (iv) Average vacancy rate in comparable projects in prior twelve month period.

- * **Pipeline Analysis**: Certification of the number of building and demolition permits for multifamily housing units issued over the preceding 24 months by the local jurisdiction within which the project is located and that any planned or construction in progress will not adversely affect the market's absorption of the units in the project.
- * **Certification of Demand**: A Certification of Demand For New Units and Conversion executed by the Qualified Housing Consultant.
- * Statement of Housing Needs of Low-Income Individuals and Large Families: A statement of housing needs of Large Families and tenant populations with children in the primary market area and the extent there will be unmet needs for such individuals and families following construction/rehab of the Project.
- * Revisions to Market Analysis Attributable to Hurricanes Katrina & Rita: Explain any revisions to any econometric and/or simulated models used in market analysis in the aftermath of Hurricanes Katrina and Rita, particularly any adjustment of demand by household and/or unit size. Any adjustments must also be accompanied by an assessment of whether such adjustments are temporary, short term or long term. Temporary adjustments reflect terms of less than one year. Short Term adjustments reflect terms between one and five years. Long term adjustments exceed five years.
- (ii) <u>Appraisals</u>: An Appraisal must be submitted establishing the fair market value of any existing property when the purchase price of such property exceeds \$500,000 and the Acquisition Costs are included in Eligible Basis.
- (iii) <u>Previously approved Applications on Waiting List</u>: Projects currently on the Agency's Waiting List may supplement market studies and appraisals to incorporate all requirements of the QAP. Such supplement must be dated within 90 days of the Final Application Deadline.
- (iv) <u>Consensus Market Demand Analysis</u>: In markets where there are multiple applications proposing new unit production that in the aggregate exceed the Certification of Demand for New Units and Conversion, the Agency may require each Qualified Housing Consultant to review the Market Study of other Qualified Housing Consultants evaluating the same or overlapping market areas in order to derive a consensus demand for new units by bedroom size. Upon reaching the consensus demand for new units by bedroom size, the Agency will limit the number of new units by application of the tie-breaking procedures to fund only the number of feasible projects that will produce new units up to the consensus demand.

C. <u>Total Development Cost and Unit Size Limitations</u>: No project will be reserved credits if the limits and other requirements by type and size of unit specified below are not satisfied.

(i) <u>Minimum Square Footage and Full Bathrooms Per Unit Type:</u>

<u>Unit Type</u>	<u>Bathrooms</u>	Minimum <u>Square Feet</u>
Efficiency	1	450
1 Bedroom	1	600
2 Bedroom	1	750
3 Bedroom	2	900
4 Bedroom	2	1100

- (a) <u>Waiver of Minimum Bathroom and Bedroom Size</u>. The minimum bathrooms and bedroom size may be waived for an existing project which is being rehabilitated only if a federal program finances the unit and the federal agency administering the program which finances the unit requests a waiver of such limits.
- (b) <u>Reduction of Minimum Square Footage Per Unit</u>. The minimum square feet per unit may be reduced by 10% for existing units if the local jurisdiction within which the units are located certifies that such units will comply with all applicable zoning and building codes.

(ii) Maximum Average TDC Per Unit by Development Type:

Development Type	Max. TDC/ Unit
Acquisition/Rehab	\$125,000
New Construction/Conversions	\$200,000
Elderly Projects	\$175,000
Historic Rehab	\$226,900
PHA Redevelop	PHA Limit
Scattered Site	FHA Limit

- (iii) <u>Maximum Average Dollar Per Square Foot</u>: The maximum average dollar per square foot for all Development types is \$150 per square foot unless Project is a Small Project, Scattered Site Project, Special Needs Project or Historic Rehabilitation Project, in which case, the square foot limit shall not exceed \$175 per square foot. These limits shall be increased by 25% for all elevator structures.
- (iv) <u>Exclusion of Governmental Grants and Historic Credit Syndication</u> <u>Proceeds from Cost Limits</u>. The costs of a development funded by a governmental grant or with the proceeds from syndicating historic credits will be excluded from total development costs for the purposes of establishing the Maximum Average TDC Per Unit and Maximum Average

Dollar Per Square Foot and for purpose of calculating maximum qualified basis of a building or Project.

- (v) Exclusion of Costs of Community Facilities and Community Service Facilities from Cost Limits: The costs associated with Community Facilities and Community Service Facilities will be excluded from total development costs for purpose of establishing the Maximum Average TDC Per Unit and Maximum Average Dollar Per Square Foot. The costs of Community Facilities which are functionally related and subordinate to the residential units and the costs of Community Service Facilities not in excess of ten percent (10%) of the eligible basis of the qualified low-income housing project of which it is a part may be included in eligible basis of a building or Project.
- (vi) <u>SRO Projects</u>: Single Room Occupancy Projects will not be subject to Maximum Average TDC Per Unit Limits or Maximum Average Dollar Per Square Foot Limits if the local governmental certifies that the SRO Project will provide shelter to homeless persons or will receive Stewart-McKinney Act Funds.
- (vii) <u>Projects Reallocated Credits Based on Housing Discrimination</u>: Notwithstanding any other calendar year Qualified Allocation Plan to the contrary, additional costs to projects which are delayed based upon housing discrimination and which are reallocated credits under Section VI-Q herein will not be subject to cost limits if the project is otherwise feasible and viable and the Agency's Board of Commissioners acknowledges that the increased costs were due to circumstances beyond the control of the Taxpayer.
- (viii) New Construction Scattered Site Projects: Local city or parish zoning ordinances shall govern subjects such as minimum lot size, side yard, front yard and back yard setbacks. Each Application must evidence the prevailing local ordinance with a letter attached hereto as an Appendix labeled "Local Code Compliance Letter" that states that the proposed development meets all zoning requirements. Applications regarding projects built in Parishes or jurisdictions without zoning ordinances must include, as an appendix, a letter from the local governing authority stating that there are no zoning laws or building codes applicable to the Project. Where zoning laws or ordinances are absent, the following lot sizes and minimum setbacks will take precedent, if and only if the new development is connected to the city sewer system. Each residential unit shall have a setback of not less than twenty feet (20') from the front lot line, not less than twenty feet (20') from the rear lot line and not less than a ten feet (10') side yard setback on one side and twenty feet (20') on the other side. In rural areas, lot sizes shall be a minimum of one quarter (1/4) acre or 10,890 square feet. If the new project is not tied into the city sewer system and each site utilizes a well/septic system, then each lot must be one full acre in size. The same minimum setbacks would prevail. Due to fire safety, there will be no exceptions to the setbacks required. Response time to fires in rural areas is critical and fire trucks must be able to traverse between buildings.
- (ix) <u>Bond Financed Projects</u>: Bond financed projects are not subject to the Maximum Average TDC Per Unit Limits.
- D. <u>Project Amenities</u>: All properties, other than SRO Projects, must include HVAC systems, refrigerators, stoves, an on-site laundry (1 washer and 1 dryer per every 10 units. If washers and dryers are installed and maintained in every unit at no additional cost to tenants, an

on-site laundry is not required. All amenities, with the exception of the on-site laundry, must be available to the tenants at no additional charge. The requirement of an on-site laundry shall not apply to rehabilitation projects with 12 or fewer units.

E. Profit Limits:

(i) <u>Developer Fees</u>:

- (a) <u>Basic Fee</u>: Developer Fees for a project shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the Developer Fee Base plus either (i) five percent (5%) of the Acquisition Cost Base or (ii) 8% of the Acquisition Cost Base in the case of RD or HUD Distressed Properties.
- (b) <u>Developer Incentive Fee</u>: Developer Fees will be limited to (i) twenty percent (20%) for projects placed in service within eight (8) months from the reservation month, (ii) nineteen percent (19%) for projects placed in service within nine (9) months from the reservation month, (iii) eighteen percent (18%) for projects placed in service within ten (10) months from the reservation month, (iv) seventeen percent (17%) for projects placed in service within eleven (11) months from the reservation month, (v) sixteen percent (16%) for projects placed in service within twelve (12) months from the reservation month and (vi) fifteen percent (15%) for all other projects.
- (c) <u>Developer Fee Limitation</u>: Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Developer Fee will be limited to 10% on that portion of the development fee for projects which exceed \$1,250,000 in tax credits. No Developer Fee, including payments to consultants, will be allowed unless a Development Services Agreement is submitted as an Exhibit to the Tax Credit Application Package. The Developer Fee Base will include only the amount of Builder Profit, Builder Overhead and General Requirements at the maximum limits permitted by the Agency.
- (ii) <u>Builder Profit</u>: Builder Profit shall not exceed six percent (6%) of the Builder Profit Fee Base.
- (iii) <u>Builder Overhead</u>: Builder Overhead shall not exceed two percent (2%) of the Builder Profit Fee Base.
- (iv) <u>General Requirements</u>: The actual costs associated with General Requirements shall not exceed six percent (6%) of the General Requirements Base. Bond Premium paid by the Developer or the Taxpayer/Owner will be excluded from the General Requirements.
- (v) <u>Syndication Costs</u>: Syndication Costs in excess of ten percent (10%) and fifteen percent (15%) of Gross Equity for privately placed and publicly offered Syndications, respectively, will be treated as part of the Developer Fee.
- F. <u>Self-Owned Equipment Limitations</u>: Costs deemed to lease self-owned equipment or to lease equipment owned by persons related to or having an identity of interest with the Developer or Builder will be considered as builder profit and overhead; provided, however, that certifications as to costs of fuel, lubrication, normal expenditures for such

identified equipment, maintenance, repair and depreciation will be considered as a construction cost.

- G. <u>Subcontractor Limits Related to Builder Profit and Overhead</u>: No overhead and builder profit will be allowed when (i) more than fifty percent (50%) of the contract sum in the construction contract is subcontracted to one subcontractor, material supplier or equipment lessor or (ii) seventy five percent (75%) or more with three or fewer subcontractors, material suppliers or equipment lessors.
- H. <u>Pro Forma Cash Flows</u>: All projects must submit fifteen year pro forma cash flows complying with the following requirements:
- (i) Rate of Increase Assumptions for Revenues and Expenses: Revenues may be projected to increase at a rate not in excess of two percent (2%) and expenses must be projected to increase at a rate of not less than OCAF or three percent (3%).
- (ii) Required Debt Service Ratios: Debt service ratios may not fall below 1.15 (1.10 for RHS Properties) unless the Taxpayer/Owner executes an appropriate escrow or acceptable guarantee in an amount equal to the maximum cumulative cash flow shortfall. If Debt Service Ratios during the compliance period with respect to all debt exceeds 1.4, the excess cash flow must be deposited to the Reserves for Replacement or used to prepay hard debts. The Minimum Reserve Balance shall be increased by such excess cash flow.
- (iii) Maximum Return on Taxpayer Capital for Projects with HOME or CDBG Funds: Any project which receives HOME Funds from the Agency or CDBG Funds from the State and which evidences satisfaction of the Minimum Reserve Balance will be permitted an annual pre-tax return on Taxpayer Capital of 350 basis points above the ten year treasury bill yields as of the Closing Date but not in excess of twelve percent (12%). Any cash flows in excess of a 12% return shall not be taken as a distribution but shall be used either to pay off debt incurred to develop or rehabilitate the Project or to fund additional reserves. Tax Credit equity shall be disregarded as Taxpayer Capital.
- (iv) Terms Required for Cash Flow Notes: Any cash flow note associated with the acquisition of an existing project must be accompanied by a schedule establishing the imputed principal of the cash flow note under Section 1274(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and any basis adjustment of the note and project pursuant to Section 1.1275-4(c) of the Treasury Regulations. All cash flow notes must mature on or before the end of the economic life of the project which may not exceed 55 years unless such cash flow note is a Developer Fee Cash Flow Note, in which case such Developer Fee Cash Flow Note must mature by the end of the extended Use Period of 30 years.
- (v) Vacancy Rate Assumptions: Assume a five percent (5%) vacancy rate and two percent (2%) bad debt unless the project is located in a "soft" market as determined by the Independent Qualified Housing Consultant within which a higher vacancy allowance will be required. Projects in the Mark-to-Market Program may use the allowances established in the HUD approved Restructure Plan.

- (vi) Required Deposit to Reserves for Replacement: Minimum replacement reserves should equal \$250 per unit per year for new construction developments for seniors and \$300 per unit per year for new construction developments for families and developments involving rehabilitation. If the reserve deposits specified in Physical Needs Assessment exceed the foregoing minimum reserve deposits following rehabilitation, then the deposits to the reserved for replacement shall be the higher amount specified in the Physical Needs Assessment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if HUD and RD finance the first mortgage, the annual deposit to the Reserves for Replacement may be determined in accordance with HUD or RD policies or regulations. Deposits to the Reserves for Replacement will be regulated and monitored in accordance with the Tax Credit Regulatory Agreement.
- (vii) *Maximum Rents*: Except for market units in a Mixed Income Project, pro forma low-income unit rents for Application purposes may not exceed the lower of HUD's most recently published fair market rents (FMR) or the maximum rent permitted by Section 42 or any subsidy program which benefits the project. Actual rents may not exceed the maximum rent permitted by Section 42 of the code.
- (viii) Minimum Operating and Maintenance Expenses: Shall not be less than \$3,000 per unit per year. For an existing project undergoing rehabilitation the Minimum Operating and Maintenance Expenses shall be increased if, following a review of the prior three years of audits of the project's operations, the expenses exceed the minimums and if the rehab to be completed will not reduce the historic expenses. SRO Projects shall evidence appropriate subsidies to sustain the proposed operating budget.
- (ix) *Minimum Reserve Balance:* Minimum operating reserves should equal six months of projected operating expenses.
- I. <u>Capital Needs Assessment</u>: A Capital Needs Assessment by an architect or engineer, dated no earlier than 90 days before the Application deadline, is required for all existing projects.
- J. Receipt of Cost Certifications and GAAP Audits: Prior to mailing a Form 8609 for a project, the Agency must receive (i) a GAAP Audit, (ii) a Financing Certification, (iii) a Syndication Certification and (iv) a proposed baseline operating budget (including trending assumptions) as of the date sustaining occupancy is to be attained. The GAAP audit and the Financing Certification must certify all sources and uses of funds through the Placed in Service Date of a project and must clearly distinguish and show (a) costs that may be included in eligible and qualified basis and (b) costs which may not be included in eligible and qualified basis.
- K. <u>Subsidy Layering Review</u>: A subsidy layering review will be conducted in connection with any project receiving Governmental Assistance from HUD or RD in addition to housing tax credits for each of acquisition, rehabilitation and new construction uses.
- L. <u>Processing Projects With Federal Funds or Insurance</u>: Projects receiving Federal Funds or insurance under a Federal program will be reserved credits only after the federal agency advises the Agency in writing that the federal agency providing such funds or insurance has no objections to the reservation of tax credits to the Project.

- M. <u>Financing Commitments</u>: Financing Commitments for all sources of funds must be included with the Application.
- N. <u>Debarred Participant</u>: No Taxpayer utilizing a Debarred Participant in the development or operation of a project may be reserved or allocated tax credits.

O. Legal Description of Project Property Site:

<u>Projects in Urban and Rural Areas:</u> The legal description and cost of the portion of a site on which the Project is located must be submitted in the Application involving a Project in Urban and Rural Areas. The legal description shall include parish, municipality, subdivision, tracts, section, ranges, boundaries, directions and measurements.

<u>Scattered Site Projects in Urban Areas:</u> A Scattered Site Project located in an urban area may identify only the street addresses for each separate site.

Consistency of Project Description: The legal description and/or street addresses of the Property Site included with the Application must be consistent with all subsequent documents submitted to the Agency during the development and operation of the Project. If a material inconsistency in the legal description of the Project Site between the Application Deadline and any reservation or allocation of credits is identified and such inconsistency constitutes a Site Change, the tax credits reserved and/or allocated to the Project will be subject to rescission and/or recapture.

Additional Sites: No additional sites may be included in a Scattered Site Project following the Application Deadline unless the Project is located in a Redevelopment Area and the local governmental unit requests the addition of new sites within the Redevelopment Area; however, no additional sites may be included in a Project following carryover allocation.

<u>Map Requirement:</u> A map identifying the Project Site must be included with all legal descriptions and/or street addresses. The map must show parish, municipality, subdivision, tracts, section, ranges, boundaries, directions and measurements.

- P. <u>Notification of Material Changes</u>: It is the applicant's responsibility to notify the Agency, in writing, of any occurrence of a material change in a project. Notwithstanding any provision of any other program requirements, no project which the Agency determines to have materially changed shall be deemed feasible or viable.
- (i) <u>Material Changes Prior to Final Application Deadline</u>: The Agency may receive a new Application for a Project which has materially changed in advance of the Final Application Deadline for a competitive funding round. A new Application, along with the Application and analysis fees must be received by the Final Application Deadline. (This option is applicable only when a preliminary Application review is offered by the Agency.)

- (ii) <u>Material Changes After Final Application Deadline</u>: A material change occurring after the Final Application Deadline cancels either the tax credit reservation or the carry-forward allocation of tax credits.
- Q. <u>Notification of Reprocessing Change</u>: It is the applicant's responsibility to notify the Agency, in writing, of any occurrence of a reprocessing change in a Project. A reprocessing change may occur prior to delivery of Form 8609 to a Project; however, Form 8609 will be withheld until the Taxpayer submits a revised Application and Reprocessing Fee. Following receipt of the revised Application and reprocessing fee, the Agency will complete a new legal, feasibility and viability review in order to determine any adjustment of maximum qualified basis and/or the tax credits to be allocated to the Project. Projects subject to reprocessing are at risk of credit loss if such Project fails to satisfy the minimum score or if other projects on the waiting list which are not reserved credits have higher scores.
- R. <u>Site Change</u>: A Site Change in a Project without Board approval following the Final Application Deadline in the Second Funding Round will automatically cancel any reservation, commitment or allocation of tax credits to such Project.
- S. <u>Special Processing Instructions for Projects with more than forty (40) buildings:</u> Projects with more than forty (40) buildings must contact the Agency at least fifteen (15) days prior to the Application deadline for special processing instructions.
- T. Reallocation of Credits Recaptured Due to Hurricanes Katrina or Rita: Recaptured tax credits from projects that materially changed due to project reconfiguration, increased costs or site change due to Hurricane Katrina or Hurricane Rita will be allocated credits in an amount at least equal to such recaptured credits following a determination that such project remains feasible and viable.
- U. <u>Quality Production</u>: The Agency will require each Taxpayer to certify that the design and materials used to submit the Estimate and Certificate of Costs with the application satisfy the State's new building code.
- V. <u>Waivers of QAP Limits</u>: The Agency recognizes that in the aftermath of Hurricanes Katrina and Rita the State faces an acute housing crisis. Much of the existing housing stock has been damaged and will require substantial rehabilitation. The Agency will take into consideration any reasonable request to modify a QAP rule that adversely affects the rehabilitation of existing housing units that may address the State's acute housing need. The Agency encourages developers to contact staff to address any issues that would aid units coming back into commerce.

VII. NON-REFUNDABLE FEE SCHEDULE

Tax Credit recipients will be required to pay a Credit Award Fee upon award of a Tax Credit reservation by the Agency. The following non-refundable fees govern the Application, processing, reprocessing and reservation of Tax Credits and the fees to monitor and report non-compliance. All fees **must** be paid either with a money order or with a certified check. If any other form of payment is received, the unacceptable form of payment will be returned and the Application will be disqualified.

A.	Application Fee	Stand-Alone Non-Profit	All Others
	1 to 4 units	\$ 50.00	\$ 100.00
	5 to 32 units	500.00	1,000.00
	33 to 60 units	750.00	1,500.00
	61 to 100 units	1,250.00	2,500.00
	Over 100 units	2,500.00	5,000.00
R	Analysis Fee		

B. <u>Analysis Fee</u>

1 to 4 units	\$ 100.00
5 to 32 units	1,000.00
33 to 60 units	1,500.00
61 to 100 units	2,500.00
Over 100 units	5,000.00

C. Reprocessing Fee

The reprocessing fee established in the fee schedule of the Application will be required whenever reprocessing changes occur. The applicant must receive approval of the Agency for any reprocessing change to a project and the fee will be required at the time the reprocessing changes are submitted to the Agency for approval

1/2 Analysis Fee

D. Credit Award Fee

5% of Credit Reserved

Subject to approval by the Louisiana Legislature in accordance with the Louisiana Constitution, the Agency reserves the right to increase the credit award fee.

E. <u>Annual Compliance/Monitoring Fee</u>

The Minimum Fee by project size; provided that the Agency reserves the right to charge such additional amounts at any time as may be required to monitor compliance in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

Minimum Fee is as follows:

Project Size	Minimum Fee
1-4 units	\$ 20.00
5-16 units	80.00
17-32 units	160.00
33 and over	Minimum fee is amount equal to 50% of
	units in Project times \$10.00

F. Subsidy Layering Review Fee

(If HUD or RD Housing Assistance or other Government

ALL FEES COLLECTED BY THE AGENCY ARE NON-REFUNDABLE

VIII. MODIFICATION OF PROGRAM INSTRUCTIONS, REQUIREMENTS AND PROCEDURES

The Agency reserves the right to amend, modify or withdraw any of the program instructions, requirements or procedures contained herein that are inconsistent or in conflict with state and federal laws and/or regulations.

IX. <u>EXTENDED USE AGREEMENT, COMPLIANCE MONITORING AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS</u>

The Agency has approved the form of a Tax Credit Regulatory Agreement to be dated as of December 31 of the calendar year immediately preceding the first year of the Credit Period, pursuant to which the Agency requires the Applicant/Taxpayer to fulfill the commitments and representations made in this Application. An Extended Use Agreement in accordance with the Code and Tax Regulations has been incorporated into the Tax Credit Regulatory Agreement. Upon execution, the Tax Credit Regulatory Agreement must be filed in the mortgage/conveyance records of the Parish within which the Project is located. A separate Compliance Monitoring Agreement also has been approved by the Agency and must be executed and returned to the Agency when the Project is placed in service and prior to the Agency providing Form 8609. The Agency may impose reporting and record keeping requirements, nondiscrimination regulations, and any other special conditions considered desirable by the Agency or the U.S. Department of Treasury.

X. GOVERNING LIHTC PROGRAM DOCUMENT

The Qualified Allocation Plan is the governing document for the LIHTC Program. If any inconsistencies with other program documents, including the electronic Application, are noted, the Qualified Allocation Plan is the controlling document and dictates the Agency's requirements for the LIHTC Program.

For more information on the LIHTC program, contact:

Louisiana Housing Finance Agency 2415 Quail Drive Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70808 Telephone: (225) 763-8700 Fax: (225) 763-8710

Attention: LIHTC Program
Email: lihtcinfo.lhfa.state.la.us

[CHECKLIST]

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GLOSSARY

ABANDONED UNIT: A housing unit certified by the Developer/Owner and the local jurisdiction within which the housing unit is located to be Substandard and to have been vacant for at least six months. Evidence must be submitted with the Application that the local jurisdiction specifically identified the unit and stated that the unit is substandard and has been vacant for at least six months.

ABANDONED PROJECT: A project in which 100% of the housing units are Abandoned Units.

ACCESSIBLE: A site, building, facility or portion thereof that complies with the accessibility requirements of the Fair Housing Act and is handicap adaptable.

ACCESSIBLE PROJECT: A project in which at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the units are Handicapped Equipped Units and set aside for Handicapped Households and evidencing appropriate Project Based Subsidy to support Handicapped Households occupying the Handicapped Equipped Units whose incomes are at or below thirty percent (30%) of area median income. Accessible Project must provide that five percent (5%) of units be accessible for people with mobility impairment and two percent (2%) for people with hearing or vision impairments.

ACQUISITION COSTS: The actual costs of the buildings on the Property Site prior to rehabilitation of such buildings plus any additional indirect costs of acquiring the buildings.

ACQUISITION COST BASE: The Acquisition Costs exclusive of any Developer Fee or Acquisition Fee.

ACQUISITION FEE: Any fee, other than a broker fee to a professional broker listing the Project, for arranging the purchase of the building or Project for which tax credits are requested.

ADAPTABLE: The flexibility of certain building spaces to add features or adjust elements in a short time by unskilled labor without structural or material changes to accommodate the needs of persons with different types or degrees of disability. Examples of adaptable features include counter tops or closet rods that are supported by adjustable supports rather than built into the wall at a fixed level.

AFFILIATE: Any corporation, entity, partnership, venture, syndicate, or arrangement in which a local housing authority has an ownership or governance interest of less than a majority either directly or indirectly through one or more subsidiaries.

ADVANCE RESERVATION (FORWARD COMMITMENT): A reservation of credits from a credit ceiling in a calendar year following the competitive funding round in which a project has been evaluated.

AMENITIES: Equipment and/or facilities which are for the <u>exclusive benefit of the residents</u> and which are not essential to constituting a residential rental unit and which are not being submitted as a Community Facility. Examples of such amenities are: 1) recreational facilities such as basketball or tennis courts, 2) swimming pools, 3) learning centers, 4) day care facilities,

5) family counseling facilities, 6) gates accessible only with ID or other device and 7) non-essential appliances, e.g.: built-in dishwashers, clothes washers and dryers and microwave ovens. (Air conditioning or heating systems are not considered an amenity). If a Project is one phase of a larger development, only the amenities identified on the Project Site of the phase which is being processed may qualify as an amenity for that phase only and such amenity shall not be qualified for any other phase.

ANALYSIS FEE: The fee by that name as calculated in accordance with the Non-Refundable Fee Schedule.

APPLICATION CHECKLIST: The form by that name contained in the Application for Tax Credits.

APPLICATION FEE: The fee by that name as calculated in accordance with the Non-Refundable Fee Schedule.

AUDIT INSTRUCTIONS: The instructions to be posted to the Agency's web site and to be used by an independent CPA to submit placed in service and annual audits.

BASELINE OPERATING BUDGET: The budget established for a project during the first year of the Credit Period that is formatted in accordance with the Agency's Chart of Accounts.

BEDROOM: An area of a unit to be used for sleeping and not primarily for family activities other than sleeping.

BUILDER: The licensed general contractor or any other entity executing a contract with the Developer/Owner to construct and/or rehabilitate a housing unit.

BUILDER OVERHEAD: Portion of a general contractor's expenses necessary to conduct business which directly concerns the Project and may include such items as office rent, fuel, lights, telephone and telegraph, stationery, office supplies, fire and liability insurance for the office, salaries of office employees such as a bookkeeper, social security taxes, public liability insurance, workmen's compensation insurance, and unemployment compensation taxes for office personnel. The allowance does not include salaries of the builder or executives of the builder.

BUILDER PROFIT FEE BASE: The construction hard costs specified in the Estimate and Certificate of Actual Cost which hard costs must be audited by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards utilizing generally accepted accounting principles and reduced by any General Overhead.

BUILDING: A discrete edifice or other man-made construction consisting of an independent foundation, outer walls and roof.

CAPITAL FUNDS: Funds appropriated to the Local PHA to carry out capital and management activities in accordance with the provisions of Section 9 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended

CAPITAL NEEDS ASSESSMENT: An inspection report of an existing building or project by an architect or engineer conducted in accordance with Fannie Mae's Physical Needs Assessment Guidance to the Property Evaluation which (i) identifies the age and condition of the building or project and related major systems (including climate control equipment, plumbing and fixtures, cooking and other kitchen equipment, roofs, exterior siding and electrical systems), (ii) specifies the required repair and/or rehabilitation of the buildings and systems (including the estimated costs of each) over at least twenty years following the Placed in Service Date, (iii) estimates the useful remaining life of the project and related major systems following their repair, (iv) specifies the minimum amount which must be deposited to the repair and replacement reserve over twenty years to maintain property quality and habitability standards and (v) either identifies the presence of environmental hazards, such as asbestos, lead paint and mold on the property or contains an Exhibit A Phase I Environmental.

CAPITAL RECOVERY PAYMENT(S): The monthly payments, or, if no cash exists for the payment thereof, the monthly accruals to reimburse the Owner, with interest, for the capital contributions made by Owner.

CAPITALIZED COSTS: The expenditures relating to the acquisition, rehabilitation or construction of a building and any facilities functionally related and subordinate thereto which may be included in the adjusted basis of the building for depreciation.

CARRYOVER ALLOCATION: A commitment by the Agency following receipt from the Taxpayer of the ten percent (10%) carryover certification of a portion of the current calendar year credit authority to a project that will not be placed in service by the end of the current calendar year. Projects receiving a carryover allocation must be completed and placed in service in accordance with the Project Schedule and not later than two years after receiving a carryover allocation.

CASH FLOW NOTE: Any evidence of indebtedness which is issued or assumed in connection with the acquisition of a building and which (i) is not payable in whole or in part in accordance with a fixed amortization schedule or (ii) is payable in whole or in part only to the extent of profit or the cash flows of the Project.

CHART OF ACCOUNTS: The standard chart of accounts to be posted to the Agency's web site and which will be used to submit annual audits of a project to the Agency.

CHDO: A community housing development organization as defined at 24 CFR Part 92.2 of the Federal Regulations.

CLOSING DATE: The date that the Construction Contract is executed.

CODE: The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

COMMUNITY FACILITIES: Facilities located on the Project Site which are functionally related and subordinate to a Project and which are intended to primarily (not exclusively) benefit tenants of a Project but which are available to neighborhood residents without charge or a fee. If a Project is a phase of a larger development, only the Community Facility identified on the Project Site of the phase may qualify as a Community Facility for that phase only and shall not

be qualified for any other phase. Excluded from receiving Community Facility Selection Criteria points are Scattered Site Rental Projects on Non-Contiguous Land and all Homeownership Projects.

COMMUNITY SERVICE FACILITY: Any facility which is (i) located in a Qualified Census Tract and (ii) designed to serve primarily individuals whose income is sixty percent (60%) or less of area median income within the meaning of section 42(g)(1)(B) of the Code by satisfying the following conditions:

First, the facility must be used to provide services that will improve the quality of life for community residents.

Second, the taxpayer must demonstrate that the services provided at the facility will be appropriate and helpful to individuals in the area of the project whose income is 60 percent or less of area median income. This may, for example, be demonstrated in the market study required to be conducted under \$42(m)(1)(A)(iii), or another similar study.

Third, the facility must be located on the same tract of land as one of the buildings that comprises the qualified low-income housing project.

Finally, if fees are charged for services provided, they must be affordable to individuals whose income is 60 percent or less of area median income.

COMPLETION DATE: The last date permitted in the Construction Contract for completing construction and /or rehabilitation.

CONCERTED COMMUNITY REVITALIZATION PLAN: A plan, including measurable and/or tangible objectives, approved by a local governmental unit following a public hearing which describes an area and the incentives and the measures to coordinate and target resources to the area for purposes of redeveloping or revitalizing the area and which identifies the strategies and organizations to implement revitalization.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT: Means the agreement between the Taxpayer and the Contractor for construction and/or rehabilitation of the Project.

CONSTRUCTION START: The date on which construction work pursuant to a construction contract may begin.

CONTACT PERSON: The person listed as the Contact Person by the Taxpayer in the Tax Credit Project Summary or such substitute individual specified in writing by the Managing General Partner. The Contact Person may not be a professional who will render any independent and/or unqualified professional opinion to the Agency.

CONTRACTOR: The person who is licensed as a general construction contractor by the state and who has executed a construction contract with the Taxpayer.

CONTROL: Having the capacity or the power to designate 25% or more of the board or management of an entity or general partner of a limited partnership.

CONVERSION: The process of rehabilitating a nonresidential building to residential rental use.

CREDIT CEILING: The dollar amount of credits available in a calendar year for allocation by the Agency.

DEBARRED PARTICIPANT: Any developer, person, company, firm, staff or development team member or employee thereof, who (i) is currently debarred, suspended, declared ineligible or is prohibited from participating in any housing program sponsored by any federal agency, local government or instrumentality thereof or (ii) is convicted or pleads guilty to any criminal offense related to the construction, development, ownership, management or operation of a housing development.

DEBARMENT CAUSES: Providing fraudulent documents or committing fraudulent acts, failing to fulfill reasonable Agency requests in a prescribed time period following expenditure or use of Agency resources, or having a controlling ownership interest in a project determined to be in material non-compliance with any federal, state or local requirement related to the development or operation of such project. Other causes may be determined by the Agency to constitute cause for debarment following an appropriate administrative hearing on the record which permits the person subject to sanction an opportunity to contest the facts specified as the debarment cause.

DEBARMENT PROCEDURES: The procedures established by the Agency pursuant to which the compliance division recommends debarment of a Developer to the Agency's General Counsel and upon the Agency's General Counsel's concurrence with such recommendation the Board of Commissioners approve the debarment following an opportunity of the Developer to contest the recommended actions at a public meeting of the Board of Commissioners.

DEBARMENT SANCTION: Includes, but is not limited to, suspension from participation in Agency programs, cancellation of reservations or commitments, funding of additional escrows, etc. Agency applied sanctions will be reported to other state, federal or local governments, or instrumentalities thereof.

DEBT SERVICE RATIO: Payments on any amortizing mortgage secured debt divided by the sum of all operating expenses plus Required Reserve Deposit.

DEVELOPER: Any person or entity (including persons or entities which constitute Related Persons to such person or entities or have an identity of interest with such person or entity) which owns or develops a Project, including any general partner of a partnership, any Builder related to or having an identity of interest with the person or entity which owns or develops the project and any consultant receiving any fee or compensation to assist in the development of a Project.

DEVELOPER FEE: Any profit, fee or income realized by the Developer in connection with the development of the project as specified in a GAAP Audit and which satisfy the Developer Fee Terms.

DEVELOPER FEE BASE: The Development Costs of a Project reduced by (i) any Acquisition Costs, (ii) any Land Costs, (iii) any payments deemed lease payments for self-owned equipment, (iv) any payments to related persons or to persons with an identity of interest to the Developer, and (v) any Developer Fees (including Builder Profit and Overhead when there is an identity of interest between the Builder and the Developer).

DEVELOPER FEE TERMS: The fees and income of a Developer as may be specified in the Development Services Agreement between a Developer and the Taxpayer which must meet the following requirements and/or include the following information:

- (1) the fee is reasonable and does not exceed the limits on Developer Fees established by the Agency;
- (2) the taxpayer is legally obligated to pay the fee;
- (3) the portions of the fee, if any, allocable to Land Costs, Organizational Costs, Acquisition Costs and Syndication Costs;
- (4) the fee is not paid (or to be paid) by the taxpayer to itself; and
- (5) if the fee is paid (or to be paid) by the taxpayer to a related person, and the taxpayer used the cash method of accounting, the taxpayer could properly accrue the fee under the accrual method of accounting (considering, for example, the rules of section 461(h) of the Code).

DEVELOPMENT COSTS: The costs of acquiring land or buildings or constructing and/or rehabilitating buildings and facilities functionally related and subordinate to such buildings as certified in a GAAP Audit by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards utilizing generally accepted accounting principles as of the placed in service date of the building or as of the end of the first year of the credit period for the building.

DEVELOPMENT PLAN OF ACTION: A plan of action to redevelop an area defined by a local governmental unit in accordance with the requirements of Section 42(i)(3)(E) of the Code.

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES AGREEMENT: The agreement(s) with a Developer, including any consultants, evidencing (i) the Developer Fee Terms, including the amount of the Developer Fee and how it's to be paid, (ii) how the Developer Fee will be determined, (iii) who is the Developer and the Developer's relationship to the Taxpayer or to the general partner of the Taxpayer, (iv) the individuals controlling the Developer who are primarily responsible for performing the services of the Developer and (v) the nature of the services to be performed by the Developer.

DEVELOPMENT TEAM: Any party identified in the Application as such or any other party identified who advances funds to the Developer or Taxpayer prior to an allocation.

DIFFICULT DEVELOPMENT AREAS: Areas designated by HUD as an area which has high construction, land, and utility costs relative to area median gross income.

DISTRESSED PROPERTY: Any federally-assisted building for which a waiver of the ten year period described in Section 42(d)(2)(B)(ii) is obtained or a building which qualifies for such a waiver but for the building having been last placed in service more than ten years prior to the

Application deadline or any project financed by RD and placed in service 15 years or earlier from the Application Deadline which project requires rehab (exclusive of soft and intermediary costs) of \$5,000 or more per unit.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROJECT: A project receiving a certification from the Department of Economic Development that such project will preserve at least one thousand (1000) jobs. This certification qualifies the project to participate as an Economic Development Project in an area designated by the Department of Economic Development. There will be one such project per designated area from the Credit Ceiling for Calendar Year 2006. All Applications seeking points as an Economic Development Project will not have Economic Development points counted if the Application is scored for any other pool.

ECONOMIC LIFE: The maturity of any debt funded by either HUD or RD; provided that economic life shall not exceed fifty-five (55) years or the period which may be reported for federal income tax purposes as the economic life of a building.

ELDERLY HOUSEHOLD: A household composed of Elderly Persons; provided that a non-Elderly Person may reside in the household only if such household qualifies pursuant to the Fair Housing Act.

ELDERLY PERSON: A person who is 62 years of age or more at the time of initial occupancy.

ELDERLY PROJECT: A project in which all units are occupied by Elderly Households and in which no unit contains more than two bedrooms and which satisfies the requirements of the Fair Housing Act.

EQUITY: Funds which are provided by investors in a project and which are contingent upon the value attributed to the tax benefits generated by ownership of the project.

EXISTING HOUSING: Housing units which have previously been occupied.

EXPENDITURES EXCLUDED FROM ELIGIBLE BASIS: (A) Items noted in the IRS Audit Guidelines, including Land Costs and the following enumerated items:

- Organization Costs
- Syndication Costs
- bridge loan interest and origination fees
- permanent loan credit enhancement, origination fees and closing costs
- reserves required by the lender
- marketing/advertising
- compliance fees
- (B) Items noted in Internal Revenue Service National Office Technical Advice Memorandums Nos. 100727-00; 100740-00; 100743-00; 100745-00; and 100748-00; including the following:
 - Developer Fees Allocated to Land

- Unused Construction Contingency
- Rent up Costs
- Local Impact Fees (See "C" below which reverses this treatment)
- Landscaping not affected by replacement of building and considered inextricably associated with the land
- Surveys not used to determine if improvements can be built on site
- Bond Issuance Costs
- Partnership Syndication and Formation
- (C) Revenue Ruling 2002-9 now requires impact fees incurred by developer of residential rental building to be capitalized under Section 263A as indirect costs allocable to the building.

FACILITY: A least consisting of a building commensurate with the activities to take place or the services to be provided therein.

FEDERAL HOUSING ACT: The United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended through April 1, 2005.

FHA LIMITS: The 203(b) limits for FHA insurance of single family housing as published by HUD.

FINAL ALLOCATION: The mailing of Form 8609 to the Taxpayer. The Agency must adjust the amount of tax credits specified in a reservation or a carryover allocation based upon the feasibility/viability review and subsidy layering review as of the project's placed in service date.

FINANCING CERTIFICATION: A certification by the Taxpayer on the form provided by the Agency which specifies among other matters (a) Sources of Funds for a Project, (b) Syndication Information, (c) Subsidies provided to a Project and (d) amounts allocated to various development costs as of Application, reservation and placed in service dates.

FLEXIBLE FUNDS means Community Development Block Grant Funds made available by or through the Louisiana Housing Finance Agency that do not impose either rent or occupancy restrictions on any units other than the Maximum Low-Income Units.

FOSTER PARENT HOUSEHOLD: A household providing shelter to an unrelated child who was assigned for foster parenting to such household by the Department of Social Services.

GAAP AUDIT: An audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards performed by an independent certified public accountant using the Agency's Chart of Accounts:

- I. <u>At Placed in Service Date</u>: At a minimum a GAAP Audit as of a project's placed in service date must contain:
 - (a) an audit of the certificate of actual cost in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards utilizing generally accepted accounting principles evidencing no line item with a "to be paid" amount in excess of five percent (5%) of such line item;
 - (b) an audit of the sources and uses through the Placed in Service Date of a project specifying separately (i) uses to be included in eligible basis, (ii) land costs and costs properly capitalizable to land, (iii)Acquisition Costs, (iv) Organizational Costs, (v) Syndication Cost paid by the Taxpayer and (vi) Developer Fees which are properly allocable to (iii), (iv) and (v);
 - (c) an identification of all identities of interest and related persons to the Taxpayer receiving payment from the Taxpayer; and
 - (d) an identification of all subcontractors owned in whole or in part by employees of the developer or the contractor and a statement of the percentage of construction costs subcontracted to a subcontractor.
- II. <u>Annual Audit</u>: At a minimum a project's annual audit must (i) identify all transactions involving related persons, (ii) distinguish operating expenditures from capital expenditures and (iii) specify Surplus Cash.

GENERAL REQUIREMENT BASE: Hard cost plus bond premium and miscellaneous fees paid by contractor.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS: The actual costs for those items incurred in the construction of a Project and directly pertaining to the Project, excluding amounts paid to the Contractor or Developer which may be characterized as Overhead.

GOVERNMENTAL ASSISTANCE: Includes any loan, grant, guarantee, insurance, payment, rebate, subsidy, credit tax benefit, or any other form of direct or indirect assistance from the Federal, State or local government for use in, or in connection with, a specific housing project.

GROSS EQUITY: Means the nominal dollar amount invested in the Taxpayer by the Syndicator.

HABITABILITY STANDARDS: The Physical Conditions Standards promulgated in HUD Regulations at 24 CFR 5.703, including the major areas of housing: the site, the building

exterior, the building systems, the dwelling units, the common areas and health and safety conditions.

HANDICAPPED EQUIPPED UNITS: Units which satisfy Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and fully meet the handicap accessibility requirements of the Uniform Federal Accessibility Standard.

HANDICAPPED HOUSEHOLD: A household composed of one or more persons at least one of whom is considered to have a physical, mental or emotional impairment which (i) is expected to be of long-continued and indefinite duration, (ii) substantially impedes the ability to live independently and (iii) is of such a nature that such ability could be improved by more suitable housing conditions. A person shall be considered handicapped if (a) such person has a developmental disability as defined in Section 102(7) of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act (42 U.S.C. 60001(7)) or (b) such person is infected with the human acquired immunodeficiency virus (HIV) who is disabled as a result of infection with the HIV or (c) such person has a severe and persistent mental or emotional impairment that seriously limits his or her ability to live independently, and whose impairment could be improved by more suitable housing conditions.

HARD COSTS: Costs of constructing the project as evidenced in the Estimate and Certificate of Actual Costs reduced by any amount which reduces the Builder Fee Base. Hard Costs do not include Builder Profit, Builder Overhead, Developer Fees or Soft Costs (such as architectural, engineering, consultant, legal fees, etc).

HISTORIC REHABILITATION CREDIT: Tax Credits authorized to be taken by a Taxpayer for the rehabilitation of an historic property in accordance with the requirements of Section 38 of the Code.

HOMELESS HOUSEHOLD: A household in which all members are Homeless Persons.

HOMELESS PERSON: A person who lacks a fixed, regular nighttime residence and an individual whose primary nighttime residence is (i) a shelter for temporary accommodation, including welfare hotels, congregate shelters and transitional housing for the mentally ill, (ii) an institution providing temporary residence for individuals intended to be institutionalized or (iii) a public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings.

HOMEOWNERSHIP PROJECT: Project consisting of townhouses, duplexes with firewalls or buildings with not more than one unit per building. Applicants for Homeownership Projects must execute the Agency's form of an Option to Purchase and Right of First Refusal Agreement which provides to an individual tenant the option to purchase a unit at the Minimum Purchase Price. No points will be awarded for Community Facilities located in a Homeownership Project.

HOUSEHOLDS IN POVERTY: Households at or below the most recent Poverty Threshold as determined by the U.S. Census Bureau.

HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT: The assessment of the State's housing needs published on the Agency's web site.

HUD: The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

IDENTITY OF INTEREST: An identity of interest is construed to exist when:

- (i) There is any financial interest of the Developer or Taxpayer in the Builder or any financial interest of the Builder in the Developer or Taxpayer.
- (ii) Any officer, director or stockholder or partner of the Developer or Taxpayer who is also an officer, director or stockholder or partner of the Builder.
- (iii) Any officer, director, stockholder or partner of the Developer or Taxpayer has any financial interest in the Builder; or any officer, director, stockholder or partner of the Builder has any financial interest in the Developer or Taxpayer.
- (iv) The Developer or Taxpayer advances any funds to the Builder.
- (v) The Developer or Taxpayer supplies and pays, on behalf of the Builder, the cost of any architectural services or engineering services other than those of a surveyor, general superintendent, or engineer employed by a Developer or Taxpayer in connection with its obligations under the construction contract.
- (vi) The Developer or Taxpayer takes stock or any interest in the Builder cooperation as consideration of payment.
- (vii) There exists or comes into being any side deals, arrangements, contracts or undertakings entered into or contemplated, thereby altering, amending, or canceling any of the required closing documents, except as approved by the Agency.
- (viii) Any relationship (e.g., family) existing which would give the Builder or Developer or Taxpayer control or influence over the price of the contract or the price paid to any subcontractor, material supplier or lessor of equipment.
- (ix) Any member of the Development Team advances any funds to the Developer or Taxpayer at any point prior to an allocation.

For purposes of determining an identity of interest between parties not identified in (i) through (ix), such parties will be identified as either the Developer and Taxpayer or the Contractor as appropriate to establish the identity of interest.

INCOME QUALIFIED RENTER DEMAND: Number of households projected to be at 60% or less of area median income which can afford to pay the rent proposed at subject project provided such rent does not exceed 35% of their household income.

INDEPENDENT QUALIFIED HOUSING CONSULTANT: A disinterested professional housing consultant who has been approved by the Agency and who has no identity of interest with any Builder or Developer participating in the Housing Tax Credit Program in any state and

who by virtue of academic training, licensing and/or experience is a recognized expert skilled in the requirements of conducting a market survey and demand study.

IREM: Institute for Real Estate Management.

LAND COSTS: The purchase price related to the purchase of undeveloped land plus the following additional costs:

- -excavating and earth-moving expenses
- -finders/brokerage fees for assistance in acquiring title to land
- -costs for excavation of water retention ponds
- -cost of land surveys
- -unpaid back real estate taxes and similar assumed costs
- -legal and professional fees related to the acquisition of land
- -environmental impact tests and perk tests

LARGE FAMILY HOUSEHOLD: A household with at least five persons at initial occupancy of a unit.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT: Governing authority of the local governmental unit. A parish or municipality under the Louisiana Constitution of 1974.

LOCAL NON-PROFIT SPONSOR: A 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) organization in which not more than fifteen percent (15%) of the members of the governing board are domiciled outside the service area of the non-profit and at least seventy-five percent of the governing board are domiciled within the Market Area of the Project or is a State certified Community Housing Development Organization ("CHDO") with a service area encompassing the market area of the Project.

LOCAL PARTICIPATING JURISDICTION (LOCAL PJ): One of any governmental unit or consortium of governmental units receiving HOME Funds directly from HUD and which is not a state recipient.

LOCAL PHA: A local public housing authority organized and existing under the State's Housing Authorities Law at Chapter 30 of Title 40 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, as amended.

LOUISIANA DEVELOPER: Any Managing General Partner or Sponsor who submits evidence of having filed Louisiana tax return (Form 990 in the case of a Non-profit) in the two calendar years preceding the year in which an Application for tax credits is submitted, or if no return was required to be filed for the two (2) calendar years preceding the year in which an application for tax credits is submitted, then a CPA's statement to that effect is required.

MANAGING GENERAL PARTNER: The entity or individual(s) which controls or owns all of an entity which is designated in the Application as the managing general partner or the primary sponsor/operator of the Project.

MARKET AREA: An area referenced on a map included with the Market Study and certified by the Independent Qualified Housing Consultant to be an appropriate market area to be served

by the project in view of geographic and other barriers and demographic and mobility factors for low income households at or below 60% of AMI.

MARKET STUDY: An analysis performed by an Independent Qualified Housing Consultant which evidences demand for the proposed market matrix of a project, including demand capture rate at the subject property by bedroom type and which further the housing needs of the Targeted Households, Large Families, tenants with children and Special Needs Households if the Project serves Special Needs Households.

MATERIAL CHANGE: Notwithstanding the provisions of any prior Qualified Allocation Plan, a material change for any project, including projects receiving a reservation or allocation from a prior Calendar year credit Ceiling, shall mean any reprocessing change which results (i) in the project deemed not feasible or not viable or (ii) a reduction of points from the Selection Criteria below the minimum score or below the score of the highest ranked project on the waiting list for the year in which the credits were allocated. Any change caused by force majeure or circumstances beyond the control of an Owner will not be a material change if the Agency's Board of Commissioners concurs that such change was beyond the control of the Owner. The Agency also considers the following to be material changes:

removal of any managing general partner, bankruptcy of any managing general partner, site change, or change in unit design (increase or decrease in number of units, unit mix, square footage etc. greater than 10%).

MATERIAL PARTICIPATION: Having an ownership interest other than a passive ownership interest and which participation is regular, continuous and substantial.

MAXIMUM LOW-INCOME UNITS: Not more than forty percent (40%) of the total units in the Project.

MILITARY IMPACT AREA: Generally a small or medium size metropolitan housing market area or a remote or isolated nonmetropolitan area where:

- 1. Military-connected households comprise 25 percent or more of the total households in the market area. Military-connected households include active duty military personnel, civilian employees of the military service (Department of Defense) or other Federal agency at or in support of the installation, and employees of contractors and sub-contractors directly associated with the military installation and their dependents. Unaccompanied active duty military personnel housed in military-controlled group quarters housing (barracks, BOQ's) are excluded; and
- 2. The Department of Economic Development has expressed written concern about the continued stability of the current level of military strength and mission at the installation based on the absence of suitable affordable housing, or public announcements from the Department of Defense or the military service, advise that the stability of the military installation is at risk because of the absence of affordable housing.

MINIMUM RESERVE BALANCE: At least 1/6 of the largest annual deposit to Reserves for Replacement and Repair.

MINIMUM PURCHASE PRICE: An amount equal to the sum of (i) the principal amount of outstanding indebtedness secured by the building (other than indebtedness incurred within the five (5) year period ending on the date of the sale to the tenants) and (ii) all Federal, State and local taxes attributable to such sale. Except in the case of Federal income taxes, there shall not be taken into account under clause (ii) any additional tax attributable to the Application of clause (ii).

MIXED FINANCE PROJECT: A project described in Section 35(d) of the Federal Housing Act that is financially assisted with private resources in addition to amounts provided under the Federal Housing Act.

MIXED INCOME PROJECT: A project (i) receiving housing tax credits for the Maximum Low-Income Units, (ii) having Neighborhood Impact, (iii) containing a Rent Differential, (iv) requiring Flexible Funds of not more than \$75,000 per unit and not in excess of fifty percent (50%) of total development funds to be determined feasible and viable by the Louisiana Housing Finance Agency and (v) sponsored by a Substantial Developer.

MIXED OCCUPANCY PROJECT: A Project involving the occupancy of (i) units by Special Needs Households and (ii) units by households which are not Special Needs Households.

MIXED USE BUILDING: A building consisting of (i) units available for residential rental use and (ii) other property the use of which is not related to residential rental use, e.g., commercial office space, owner-occupied residences, etc.

NEIGHBORHOOD IMPACT: With respect to a clearly defined neighborhood described on a map outlining such neighborhood, either (i) the construction of at least one hundred (100) new residential units or (ii) the demolition of at least fifty (50) functionally obsolete residential units and the construction and/or reconstruction of not less than fifty (50) residential housing units.

NET EQUITY: The Gross Equity invested in the Taxpayer as discounted and compounded to the placed in service date.

NEW CONSTRUCTION: Housing units which have not previously been occupied.

OCAF: Operating Cost Adjustment Factor published annually for the State of Louisiana.

OPTION TO PURCHASE AND RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL AGREEMENT: The Agreement by that name attached as an Appendix to the Application.

ORGANIZATIONAL COSTS: Costs of organizing the Taxpayer, including the legal and accounting costs necessary to organize the Taxpayer and facilitate the filings of the necessary legal and other regulatory paperwork at the state and national level are of a character which, if

expended incident to the creation of the taxpayer having an ascertainable life, would (but for Section 709(a) of the Code) be amortized over such life.

OWNER OCCUPIED BUILDING: A Building containing more than one but less than five units in which one of the units is occupied by the owner of such unit and which is located in an area in which the local governmental unit has approved by a Development Plan of Action.

PHA REFERRAL AGREEMENT: The executed form of the PHA Referral Agreement attached as an Appendix to the Application.

PHYSICAL CONDITION STANDARDS: HUD Standards for housing which is decent, safe, sanitary and in good repair.

PLACED IN SERVICE DATE: The date on which the first unit in building of the Project is available for occupancy in accordance with the requirements of the Code and the local jurisdiction within which the Project is located. For rehabilitations which qualify as a separate new building, such date occurs at the end of the 24 month period over which such expenditures are aggregated.

POVERTY CENSUS TRACT: Census tract in which the percentage of Households in Poverty exceed 15% of the total households of such census tract.

PROJECT: At least one building together with any facilities functionally related and subordinate on a Project Site. Multiple buildings are part of the same project only if such buildings:

- (i) have similarly constructed units;
- (ii) are proximate, i.e., located on a single tract of land; and
- (iii) are owned by the same person and are financed pursuant to a common plan.

PROJECT BASED SUBSIDY: Projects receiving operating subsidies based upon either (i) Section 8 project based assistance contract, (ii) rental assistance from RD or (iii) other operating subsidies in connection with housing supported under the Stewart McKinsey Act.

PROJECT SCHEDULE: The time frame within which certain activities must be completed with respect to the development of the Project.

PROJECT SITE OR PROPERTY SITE: The legal description of the land on which the Project is located as submitted in an Application on or before the Application Deadline.

QUALIFIED CENSUS TRACT: Any census tract which is designated by HUD in which either 50% or more of the households have an income which is less than 60% of the area median gross income or which has a poverty rate of at least 25 percent (25%).

QUALIFIED NON-PROFIT ORGANIZATION: An organization (i) described in paragraph (3) or (4) of Section 501(c) of the Code, (ii) exempt from tax under Section 501(a) of the Code,

(iii) determined by the Agency not to be affiliated with or controlled by a for-profit organization and (iv) one of the exempt purposes of such organization includes the fostering of low-income housing.

QUALIFIED PURCHASE CONTRACT: A contract defined in Section 42(h)(6)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code.

QUALIFIED REHABILITATION EXPENDITURE: Rehabilitation costs incurred within any 24 month period selected by the building owner and which are allocable to or substantially benefit one or more low-income units in a building and in which the hard costs of such rehabilitation equal or exceed the greater of \$3,000 per low-income unit in the building or ten percent (10%) of the adjusted basis of the building.

RD: Means the Rural Development division of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

RD TARGET AREA: An area designated in writing by Rural Development of the U.S. Department of Agriculture as a priority area for financing housing under the 515 housing program.

REDEVELOPMENT AREA: An area or areas within Qualified Census Tracts which is specified by a local governmental unit as requiring revitalization and within which the local governmental unit provides incentives and/or resources on a priority basis in order to promote redevelopment pursuant to a Concerted Community Revitalization Plan.

REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT: A Project which is (i) a Distressed Property, (ii) Redevelopment Property, (iii) Owner-Occupied Property covered by a Development Plan of Action, or (iv) Urban Redevelopment Property.

REDEVELOPMENT PROPERTIES: A Project located in a Redevelopment Area.

RELATED PERSON: Any person bearing a relationship to such person as specified in sections 267(b) or 707(b)(1) of the Code, or if the persons for whom a relationship is being determined are engaged in trades or businesses under common control (within the meaning of subsections (a) and (b) of section 52 of the Code.

RENT DIFFERENTIAL: A difference of at least \$150 per unit per month in the maximum tax credit rent for a low-income unit and a market unit as supported by the Market Study for such Mixed Income Project.

RENT UP/LEASE COSTS: Costs, such as advertising, sample unit costs, on site rental managers and staff and initial rental costs, necessary to fully rent a low-income building which may be amortized over the period necessary to rent all units, (e.g. 24 or 36 months).

REPROCESSING CHANGE: Any change other than a material change relating to (i) adjustments of sources or uses of funds in excess of 5%, (ii) increases or decreases in the number of units, unit mix, square footage, etc. greater than 5%, (iii) an applicant's inability to comply

with the project schedule proposed in the Application by more than three months in any element of the Project and (iv) any increase in the interest rate of long term debt required to complete the Project.

REPROCESSING FEE: The fee by that name calculated in accordance with the Non-Refundable Fee Schedule.

REQUIRED EXHIBITS: The Exhibits and/or Appendices specified as Required Exhibits in the Application and does not include the Exhibits and/or Appendices to support Selection Criteria items

REQUIRED RESERVE DEPOSIT: For new construction, assume \$200 per unit per year. For projects other than new construction assume \$300 per unit per year or the amount specified in Physical Needs Assessment required to be deposited to Reserves for Replacement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if HUD and RD finances the first mortgage, the annual deposit to the Reserves for Replacement may be determined in accordance with HUD or RD policies or regulations. Deposits to the Reserves for Replacement will be regulated and monitored in accordance with the Tax Credit Regulatory Agreement.

RESERVATION: An agreement on the part of the Agency to allocate tax credits at a future date to a Taxpayer, subject to the Taxpayer satisfying the elements of the Qualified Allocation Plan and all conditions established by the Agency with respect to the submission of all documents and information required by the Agency prior to the delivery of Form 8609 to the Taxpayer.

RESERVES FOR REPLACEMENT: A special reserve to be established for each project from which the costs of replacement and repair of the project is to be funded.

RESIDENT MANAGER UNIT: The unit occupied by a full-time resident manager in the project.

REVITALIZATION POOL: Pool established to reserve tax credits exclusively for Redevelopment Projects.

RURAL AREA: Any area outside of a metropolitan statistical area (MSA).

SCATTERED SITE PROJECT: A project consisting of buildings containing housing units in which all such units are rent restricted provided that each building is located on a single lot which is subdivided by the local jurisdiction and for which an option to purchase separately may be executed and further provided that a single building may not contain more than two (2) housing units. Evidence of a Scattered Site Project must consist of a subdivision plot or proposed subdivision plot evidencing separate lots for each building. If a Scattered Site Project is located on non-contiguous land, no points will be awarded for Community Facilities.

SERVICES: Benefits made available to the tenants of a Project.

SINGLE PARENT HOUSEHOLD: A household with children in which the parent or guardian of such children resides in the household and in which no other adult resides in such household at initial occupancy.

SITE CHANGE: The addition of any noncontiguous land to the Property Site or the reduction of the Property Site by more than 25% or the addition of contiguous land to the Project Site exceeding 25% of the area of the original Property Site; provided, however, that a Scattered Site Project located in a Redevelopment Area may include additional new sites within the Redevelopment Area if the local governmental unit requests such additional sites prior to a Carryover Allocation of Tax Credits. .

SMALL PROJECT: A project in which the total number of units do not exceed thirty units.

SPECIAL NEEDS HOUSEHOLD: A household which constitutes a Single Parent Household, Large Family Household, a Foster Parent Household, an Elderly Household, a Handicapped Household or a Homeless Household.

SPECIAL NEEDS PROJECTS: A Project in which at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the units are set aside for Special Needs Households in accordance with the Tax Credit Regulatory Agreement; provided, however, that a Special Needs Project constituting an Elderly Project must satisfy the requirements of the Fair Housing Act.

SPONSOR: The person(s) owning one hundred percent (100%) of the interests in and who controls the Managing General Partner. A non-profit organization may sponsor another non-profit organization or a for-profit subsidiary entity only if such non-profit sponsor is legally entitled to designate all board members of the sponsored non-profit and/or owns 100% of the stock or ownership interest in the subsidiary as evidenced in the articles of incorporation of the sponsored non-profit or the subsidiary's articles of organization.

SRO: A Project of single room occupancy providing Supportive Services in dwelling units that do not contain bathrooms or kitchen facilities and are appropriate for use as Supportive Housing.

STAND-ALONE NON-PROFIT: A 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) organization or for-profit wholly-owned subsidiary of such organization which serves as the sole general partner of a limited partnership owning a project or the sole and exclusive manager of an LLC which owns the project. The managing agreement must be submitted with Application for LLC-owned projects.

SUBSIDIARY: Any corporation, entity, partnership, venture, syndicate, or arrangement in which a local housing authority shall participate by holding an ownership interest or participating in its governance, in which commissioners, officers, employees, and agents of such authority constitute a majority of the governing body of such entity.

SUBSTANDARD: Any housing unit which does not satisfy the HQS Standards.

SUBSTANTIAL DEVELOPER means a developer experienced in developing, operating and managing projects, including mixed income projects, of not less than three hundred (300) apartment units.

SUBSTANTIAL REHABILITATION: Any rehabilitation in which Hard Costs equal or exceed \$6,500 per unit.

SUPPORTIVE HOUSING: Housing designed to meet the special needs of the targeted special needs households occupying the housing and providing Supportive Services targeted to such special needs households.

SUPPORTIVE SERVICES: The range of services tailored to the needs of the category or categories of persons with special needs occupying the housing in which such services are provided. The costs of Supportive Services must be specified in the Application and separately identified as an expense item in the operating pro-formas or must be provided by a governmental or non-profit agency which evidences in writing a commitment to provide supportive services to special needs households in the Project without charge. For purposes of this definition, Supportive Services are presumed to be provided if such services qualify under HUD Regulations and if HUD informs the Agency in writing that services evidenced in the Application qualify under HUD regulations. Supportive Services must be provided for a period commencing at the placed in service date of a project and ending not earlier than the end of the tax credit compliance period for a project. A description of Supportive Services must contain minimum supportive services required under HUD regulations for such special needs group and may include:

- Daycare
- After-school programs
- Financial and budgeting seminars
- Job training
- Homebuyer training and seminars
- Supervised recreational activities for children
- Transportation to seminars
- Preventive health care programs/health screening on a regular basis
- Transportation to facilitate access to social services, doctors, shopping
- Computer labs/internet hookup and/or tutors
- Library
- Dry-cleaning and/or laundry
- Grocery pickup and/or delivery
- Continuing education
- Information and senior counseling
- Homemaker/housekeeping
- Meals
- 24 hour security/neighborhood watch programs
- Community pets (cost of care provided by project)
- Community gardening
- Weekly exercise class
- Grandparent mentoring programs
- Weekly "day trips" to shopping centers/specialty shopping
- Reading service and library
- Social and recreational programs planned and overseen by the project manager. (Monthly birthday parties/holiday dinners and/or parties/potluck dinners, movie nights, bingo)

SURPLUS CASH: Any cash remaining at the end of each fiscal year of the Owner after:

- 1. the payment of: (i) all sums due or currently required to be paid under the terms of (a) the first mortgage and/or the note secured thereby ("First Mortgage") and (b) if applicable, subordinate mortgages with cash flow priority ("Priority Cash Flow Indebtedness") approval by the Agency; (ii) all amounts required to be deposited in the reserve fund for replacements; (iii) all other obligations of the mortgaged property other than the First Mortgage and Priority Cash Flow Indebtedness, unless funds for payment are set aside or deferment of payment has been approved by the Agency; and (iv) the Capital Recovery Payments; and
- 2. the segregation of: (i) an amount equal to the aggregate of all special funds required to be maintained by the project; and (ii) all tenant security deposits held.

SYNDICATION: The process of acquiring an ownership interest in the Taxpayer by the Syndicator and investing equity in the Taxpayer by the Syndicator.

SYNDICATION COSTS: Costs which are not includable in the tax credit basis for either the low income housing credit or the rehabilitation tax credit nor are allowable for depreciation purposes and which are the costs of syndicating a partnership and its related investment units.

SYNDICATION COST CERTIFICATION: A certification by the Taxpayer and Syndicator on the form provided by the Agency which specified among other information costs or items incurred for the packaging of the investment units and the promotion as an investment, including any marketing of the actual units, the production of any marketing memorandums or promotional materials, the mobilization of any broker/dealers who will sell the investment units and the actual sales commissions paid to the sellers of the partnership (whether they are unrelated third parties or the individuals who promoted the investment), including due diligence related aspects of the syndication and legal costs associated with the offering, opinions, inquiries as to certain aspects of the syndication, etc.

SYNDICATION PROCEEDS: The funds generated by the Syndicator from investors seeking to acquire tax benefits in Projects through the Syndicator.

SYNDICATOR: The person or agent involved in directly providing equity to the Taxpayer or the person which owns or controls the person providing such equity Syndication Costs.

TARGETED HOUSEHOLDS: The households identified in a Market Study for which the Project will provide housing.

TAX CREDIT REGULATORY AGREEMENT: The form of Tax Credit Regulatory Agreement provided by the Agency pursuant to which the requirements of Section 42 of the Code are satisfied and pursuant to which the Agency enforces the commitments and representations made by the Taxpayer in the Application.

TAXPAYER: The legal entity which will own and operate a project and which will be identified on Form 8609 as the Taxpayer.

TAXPAYER CAPITAL: Amounts other than Gross Equity as evidenced in the audit of the Taxpayer as of the Placed-in-Service Date of the Project as paid-in capital.

TOTAL DEVELOPMENT COSTS: Development Costs plus the cost of land.

ULI: Urban Land Institute.

UNIT: Any accommodation containing separate and complete facilities for living, sleeping, eating, cooking and sanitation. Such accommodations may be served by centrally located equipment, such as air conditioning and heating.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AREA: An area or areas (i) which are within a city of 20,000 or more but which are outside of a Qualified Census Tract, (ii) which do not exceed in the aggregate 5% of the geographic area of the city and, (iii) which are specified by a local governmental unit as requiring redevelopment or revitalization pursuant to a Concerted Community Revitalization Plan.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT PROPERTY: A project which is located within an Urban Redevelopment Area.

VACANT UNIT: A housing unit which is certified by the Developer/Owner and the local jurisdiction to have not been occupied for a period of at least 90 days and which is reasonably expected to remain vacant for an indefinite duration because the unit is substandard.

SELECTION CRITERIA AND EVIDENTIARY MATERIALS

PLEASE NOTE THAT THE CRITERIA SELECTED BY APPLICANT WILL BE ENFORCED IN THE TAX CREDIT REGULATORY AGREEMENT. CRITERIA SELECTED BY APPLICATION DEADLINE CONSTITUTES AN IRREVOCABLE COMMITMENT WITH RESPECT TO THE CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF A PROJECT. EVIDENCE TO SUPPORT QUALIFICATION FOR SELECTION CRITERIA MUST BE ATTACHED AS AN EXHIBIT TO THE APPLICATION "EVIDENTIARY MATERIALS FOR SELECTION CRITERIA".

		<u>Points</u>
A.	Project Located in Qualified Census Tract/ Difficult Development Area / RD Target Area	10
	* Specify: (i) Census Tract Number: (ii) Parish Location: (iii) RD Target Area:	
B.	Redevelopment Project (Not Qualified for Selection Criteria in C)	
	 Provide written certification from HUD or RD if property is Distressed Property Provide copy of Concerted Community Revitalization Plan or Development Plan of Action if not Distressed Property 	
C.	Project involves:	
	(i) Substantial Rehabilitation	25
	 * Specify Rehabilitation Hard Costs Per Unit: \$ * Capital Needs Assessment must evidence Substantial Rehabilitation 	
	(ii) Rehab of Historic Property damaged by Hurricane Katrina or Rita	
D.	Project is an Abandoned Project. (Not Qualified for Selection Criteria in E)	
	 * Submit letter from local governmental unit that all units in the Project are substandard and have been vacant for at least six months * Capital Needs Assessment must certify 100% vacancy 	
E.	Vacant Units in Project as Percentage of Total Units	
	 (i) Minimum of 25% but less than 50% (ii) Minimum of 51% but less than 75% (iii) 75% or above 	10 20 30
	 * Submit letter from local jurisdiction that unit has been vacant for at least 90 days and is likely to remain vacant because unit is substandard. * Capital Needs Assessment must evidence inspection of vacant units. 	

F.

Deconcentration Projects:

	(1) <u>Project Diversity</u> - Percentage of Low Income Units in Project does not exceed:			
	(Not Qualified for Selection Criteria in M and N)			
	(a) 60% of the Total Project units	10		
	(b) 50% of the Total Project units	15		
	(c) 40% of the Total Project units	20		
	(2) <u>Geographic Diversity</u> : Project is located in census tract in which the median			
	income of the census tract exceeds the area median income	30		
	mediae of the consus truct exceeds the treat median mediae	30		
G.	Households in Poverty: Twenty percent or more of project units serve Households			
	In Poverty	50		
H.	Percentage of Units having Four or more Bedrooms set aside for Large Family Households			
	(i) Number of Units: = 5% but less than 10%	5		
	(ii) Number of Units: =10% but less than 15%	10		
	(iii) Number of Units: =15% but less than 20%	15		
	(iv) Number of Units: Scattered Site Project exceeding 20			
т		50		
I.	Project is Accessible Project	50		
	* Application must include the following:			
	 (i) description of Supportive Services tailored to each Special Needs Household (See Supportive Services Definitions) (ii) Costs per annum of Supportive Services per Special Needs Household or written commitment from governmental or non-profit agency that Supportive Services will be provided to Project without cost (iii) experience of Taxpayer/Owner in developing Projects servicing Special Needs Households (iv) evidence in market study that demand for Special Needs Households Units may be satisfied by Project (v) evidence of Project Based Subsidy for Handicapped Households 	50		
J.	Project is Elderly Project and provides Supportive Services (Not Qualified for Selection Criteria N) 50			
	* Application must include the following:			
	(i) description of Supportive Services tailored to each Elderly			
	Household (See Supportive Services Definitions)			
	(ii) Costs per annum of Supportive Services per Elderly Household			
	or written commitment from governmental or non-profit agency that			
	Supportive Services will be provided to Project without cost			
	(iii) experience of Taxpayer/Owner in developing Projects servicing			
	Elderly Households			
	(iv) evidence in market study that demand for Elderly Households			
	Units may be satisfied by Project			

K.	Project contains Handicapped Equipped Units in excess of Section 504 of Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Assume Section 504 applies to all Projects, ie., 5% of units must be Accessible for people with mobility impairments and 2% for people with hearing or vision impairments)			
	(i) Number of Units:=more than 7% of the total units but less than or equal to 10% of the total units	5		
	(ii) Number of Units:=more than 10% of the total units but less than or equal to 15% of the total units	10		
	(iii) Number of Units:=more than 15% of the total units	15		
	* Submit number, percentage and description of construction and/or equipment provided for each Handicapped Equipped Unit.			
L.	Project is Single Room Occupancy	50		
	* Submit evidence from local governmental unit or appropriate continuum of care district that project satisfies need for homeless shelter.			
M.	Project is Scattered Site (Not Qualified for Selection Criteria N)	50		
	* Submit list of each separate address and square footage and costs of each separate building.			
N.	Project Involves Lease-to-Own of townhouses, duplexes with firewalls or buildings with not more than one unit per building with Owner executing Agency's Option to Purchase and Right of First Refusal Agreement form with Tenants (Not Qualified for Selection Criteria K or Selection Criteria M)	50		
	* Owner must agree to sell units at Minimum Purchase Price.			
O.	Optional Amenities (maximum 25 points)			
	(i) Washers and dryers are installed and maintained in every unit at no additional cost to tenants	ıl 15		
	(ii) Dishwasher and disposal maintained in each unit	10		
	Amenities may not be Community Facilities.			
P.	Project Provides Community Facilities (Excludes Homeownership Projects and Non-contiguous Scattered Site Projects. Also, On-Site Day Care Service if an Economic Development Project)	25		
	* Attach description of Community Facilities consistent with definition thereof in Glossary. Community Facilities may not be Amenities.			
Q.	On-site Day Care Service	25		
	* Attach the defined scope of service and costs, if any, to the tenant			
R	Developer submitted an executed Referral Agreement with Local PHA pursuant	10		

to which Developer agrees to rent low income units to households at the top of PHA's waiting list (See Attachment to Application for Form of Referral Agreement) S. Project will execute agreement in which Owner irrevocably foregoes right to request Agency to find person to acquire Owner's interest in low-income portion of Project and to submit Qualified Purchase Contract until after the 25th year 30th year 35th year 10 ____ (i) 15 ____ (ii) (iii) 20 (Projects selecting points here do not qualify for Lease-to-Own Points) T. Project Provides Economic Development Benefits Project is located in New Orleans MSA 50 Project is located in Parish in which over 20,000 units (ii) destroyed or damaged by Hurricanes Katrina or Rita 50_ Project located in: 30 ____ 15 ____ (i) Enterprise Community or a Renewal Community (ii) HUBZone (See attached list of such communities) U. Ratio of Project's Intermediary Cost to Development Costs (See Project Summary for formula to calculate ratio) Less than or equal to 10% (i) 15 ____ 10 ____ More than 10% but less than or equal to 15% (ii) More than 15% but less than or equal to 20% V. (i) Leverage Ratio (Divide Total Dollars from Sources by Net Equity and round *down to nearest whole multiple)* 5 ____ 10 ___ 15 ___ 20 ___ 25 ___ 1 2 3 4 5 Specify Sources: ____ ÷ Net Equity: ____ = ___ Leverage Ratio (ii) Leverage consists of federal or other state funds for persons with disabilities: 15 W. Syndication Efficiency (Divide Net Equity by the Tax Credits requested by Project

from credit ceiling)

Net Equity

	Less than \$7.00 \$7.00 to \$8.00 \$8.01 to \$9.00 \$9.01 to \$10.00	0 10 20 40
	\$10.01 or more Specify Net Equity: ÷ Requested Credits: =	50 _ (Syndicate Efficiency)
X.	Project received carry-forward allocation of credits in a prior funding round and taxpayer returned all allocated credits (Select One)	
	Within six (6) months of carryover allocation Within twelve (12) months of carryover allocation Within eighteen (18) months of carryover allocation	30 20 10
	Specify Project Number from Prior Funding Round:	
Y.	Contact Person listed in Application attended Agency sponsored Workshop in Calendar Year 2005 or 2006 for 2006 Credit Ceiling	
	Specify Name of Contact Person :	10
Z.	Louisiana Developer	10
	* See definition of Louisiana Developer and Sponsor in Glossary	
AA.	Project requires additional credits due to increased costs from delays caused in part by Fair Housing Act issues which have been resolved through HUD Reconciliation Agreement	25
	* Submit executed copy of HUD Reconciliation Agreement	
BB.	Penalty Points	
	(i) Net Equity is less than or equal to 110% Developer Fee	-15
	Specify Net Equity from Syndication Information: ÷ Developer Fee: =%	
	(ii) Rehabilitation Hard Costs are less than \$3,000 per unit	-25
	Specify Total Rehab Hard Costs: \$ ÷ Number of Units: = \$/unit	
	(iii) Incomplete or Missing Exhibits, Appendices or Documents	-20
	* Does not include Required Exhibits which must be submitted by Application Deadline. Missing Required Exhibits will result in Application being rejected.	

CC. Project incorporates Energy Efficient products that meet the following

(i) All windows and sliding glass doors • U-value of 0.4 or less (R-value 2.5 min.) • Solar Heat Gain Coefficient of 0.4 or less • Ten-year warranty from date of delivery against breakage of the glazing panel's seal. (ii) HVAC • Energy Star air-conditioner (SEER 12) 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		performance criteria.	(Maximum of 35 points)	
(ii) HVAC • Energy Star furnace (90% AFUE) or heat pump (HSPF 7.8) 5 • Energy Star air-conditioner (SEER 12) 5 (iii) Appliances • Energy Star refrigerator • Energy Star dishwasher 5 • Water heater: Gas (Energy Factor of 0.62 or higher) or Electric (Energy Factor of 0.92 or higher) • All of the above components must be clearly and individually listed in an original stamped letter from either the architect or engineer of record. The letter must state that the entire construction envelope exceeds the International Energy Conservation Code. Manufacturer's cut sheets must be submitted to document the energy efficiency of each component for which points are claimed. DD. The Local Government has adopted a resolution that the governing authority 20 (not an elected official acting alone), clearly supports the proposed project Resolution, dated no earlier than 180 days of the Application due date, must clearly identify: (i) the type of project, (ii) the number of anticipated units, (iii) special needs populations to be served, if any (iv) the specific project location Applications for a project that will have units in more than one local government jurisdiction must provide resolutions from all jurisdictions in which there are project units. EE. Government reduces project development costs by providing CDBG, local HOME or other local governmental assistance/ funding in the form of loans, grants, rental assistance, or a combination of these forms or by: • Waiving water and sewer tap fees; • Waiving building permit fees; • Foregoing real property taxes during construction; • Contributing land for project development; • Providing an abatement of real estate taxes: • Providing other project operational cost subsidies, and/or; making other financial contributions.		U-valueSolar HeTen-year	of 0.4 or less (R-value 2.5 min.) eat Gain Coefficient of 0.4 or less r warranty from date of delivery against breakage of the	10
Energy Star air-conditioner (SEER 12) Energy Star refrigerator Energy Star dishwasher Energy Star dishwasher Energy Star dishwasher Water heater: Gas (Energy Factor of 0.62 or higher) or Electric (Energy Factor of 0.92 or higher) All of the above components must be clearly and individually listed in an original stamped letter from either the architect or engineer of record. The letter must state that the entire construction envelope exceeds the International Energy Conservation Code. Manufacturer's cut sheets must be submitted to document the energy efficiency of each component for which points are claimed. DD. The Local Government has adopted a resolution that the governing authority 20 (not an elected official acting alone), clearly supports the proposed project Resolution, dated no earlier than 180 days of the Application due date, must clearly identify: (i) the type of project, (ii) the number of anticipated units, (iii) special needs populations to be served, if any (iv) the specific project location Applications for a project that will have units in more than one local government jurisdiction must provide resolutions from all jurisdictions in which there are project units. EE. Government reduces project development costs by providing CDBG, local HOME or other local governmental assistance/ funding in the form of loans, grants, rental assistance, or a combination of these forms or by: Waiving water and sewer tap fees; Waiving building permit fees; Waiving building permit fees; Foregoing real property taxes during construction; Contributing land for project development: Providing an abatement of real estate taxes; Providing other project operational cost subsidies, and/or; making other financial contributions.			anei 8 sear.	
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			2 7	

	 cost reduction 2% but less than 4% of total project development cost reduction 	10
FF.	Design Features	
	Project exceeds 15-year maintenance-free exterior standard as certified by the project architect.	10
	Project has all brick/stucco exterior	10
	Project has 30-50 year roofs	10
	Project has storm windows and insulated exterior doors	10
	Living area of Project below sea level (point loss)	75
GG.	G. Development will be managed by a Property Management Company or On-Site Manage 10 _ that has received LIHTC Compliance Certification dated no more than 12 months prior to the Application deadline from a program deemed acceptable to the Agency in accordance with industry recognized training standards. * Submit certification from national trainer	
НН.	High-speed Internet Access/Computer Training (25 points maximum)	
	(i) Computer training center, complete with computers and high-speed internet acce and structured training courses.	ss 15
	(ii) Each unit provided with the necessary hardware for cable, DSL, or wireless internet access, with such access provided to the tenant free of charge.	10

COMPLIANCE MONITORING AGREEMENT

Ι

WHEREAS, the undersigned taxpayer-owner (the "Owner") of the qualified low-income buildings and/or project described in **Exhibit A** hereto acknowledges and agrees that, pursuant to §42(l) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the Secretary of Treasury (the "Secretary") may require certifications concerning information in such form and such manner as the Secretary prescribes with respect to any qualified low-income building under §42 of the Code; and

II

WHEREAS, §42 of the Code provides for a low-income housing credit (the "Housing Credit") that may be claimed as part of the general business credit under §38 of the Code; and

Ш

WHEREAS, the Housing Credit determined under §42 of the Code is allowable only to the extent that the Owner receives a housing credit allocation from a housing credit agency such as the Louisiana Housing Finance Agency (the "Agency"), unless the building is exempt from the allocation requirements by reason of §42(h)(4)(B) of the Code; and

IV

WHEREAS, under §42(m)(1)(A) of the Code, the Housing Credit for any building is zero unless the amount was allocated pursuant to a qualified allocation plan (the "Allocation Plan") of the Agency; and

 \mathbf{V}

WHEREAS, under \$42(m)(1)(D) of the Code, the Housing Credit for any project qualifying under \$42(h)(4) of the Code is zero unless the project satisfies the requirements for allocation of a Housing Credit under the Allocation Plan of the Agency; and

VI

WHEREAS, under §42(m)(1)(B)(iii) of the Code, an allocation plan is not qualified unless it contains a procedure that the Agency (or an agent of, or private contractor hired by, the Agency) will follow in monitoring compliance with the provisions of §42 of the Code and notifying the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") of any non-compliance of which the Agency becomes aware; and

VII

WHEREAS, §42(m)(1)(B)(iii) of the Code is effective on January 1, 1992, and applies to all buildings placed in service for which a Housing Credit is, or has been, allowable at any time; and

VIII

WHEREAS, final regulations relating to (i) the requirement that State allocation plans provide a procedure for the Agency to monitor for compliance with the requirements of §42 of the Code, (ii) how the Agency is to report any non-compliance to the IRS, and (iii) the affect of such regulations on the Agency, owners of buildings or projects for which a Housing Credit is claimed, and taxpayers claiming the Housing Credits are contained in Section 1.42-5 of the Treasury Regulations (the "Compliance Regulations"); and

IX

WHEREAS, the Compliance Regulations provide that a procedure for monitoring for non-compliance under §42(m)(1)(B)(iii) must include the following:

- A. Record-keeping and Record Retention Provisions;
- B. Certification and Review Provisions;
- C. Inspection Provisions; and
- D. Notification of Non-Compliance Provisions.

\mathbf{X}

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Record-keeping provisions of §1.42-5(b)(1), the Agency must require the Owner to keep records for each qualified low-income building that show for each year in the compliance period:

- (i) the total number of residential rental units in the building (including the number of bedrooms and the size in square feet of each residential rental unit);
- (ii) the percentage of residential units in the building that are low income units;
- (iii) the rent charged on each residential rental unit in the building (including any utility allowances);

- (iv) the number of occupants in each low-income unit, but only if rent is determined by the number of occupants in each unit under §42(g)(2) (as in effect before the amendments made by the Revenue Reconciliation Act of 1989;
- (v) the low-income unit vacancies in the building and information that shows when, and to whom, the next available units were rented;
- (vi) the annual income certification of each low-income tenant per unit, unless an exception to the annual re-certification is available because an entire building is occupied by low-income tenants under Section 42(g)(8)(B) of the Code;
- (vii) documentation to support each low-income tenant's income certification; for example, a copy of the tenant's federal income tax return, Forms W-2, or verifications of income from third parties such as employers or state agencies paying unemployment compensation, unless an exception to the annual re-certification is available because an entire building is occupied by low-income tenants under Section 42(g)(8)(B) of the Code. [Tenant income is calculated in a manner consistent with the determination of annual income under §8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 ("Section 8"), not in accordance with the determination of gross income for federal income tax liability.] In the case of a tenant receiving housing assistance payments under Section 8, the documentation requirement of this subparagraph (vii) is satisfied if the public housing authority provides a statement to the building owner that the tenant's income does not exceed the applicable income limit under Section 42(g) of the Code.
- (viii) the eligible basis and qualified basis of the building at the end of the first year of the credit period; and
- the character and use of the nonresidential portion of the building included in the building's eligible basis under §42(d) (e.g., tenant facilities that are available on a comparable basis to all tenants and for which no separate fee is charged for use of the facilities, or facilities reasonably required by the project).

XI

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Record Retention provisions of §1.42(5)(b)(2), the Agency must require the Owner to retain records described in §1.42-5(b)(1) for at least six years after the due date (with extensions) for filing the federal income tax returns for that year; provided, however, that the records for the first year of the credit period must be retained for at least six years beyond the due date (with

extensions) for filing the federal income tax return for the last year of the compliance period of the building; and

XII

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Certification provisions of §1.42-5(c)(1) the Agency must require the Owner to certify at least annually to the Agency that, for the preceding 12-month period:

- (i) the project met the requirements of:
 - (a) the 20-50 test under \$42(g)(1)(A) or the 40-60 test under \$42(g)(1)(B), whichever minimum set-aside test was applicable to the project; and
 - (b) if applicable to the project, the 15-40 test under §42(g)(4) and 142 (d)(4)(B) for "deep rent skewed" projects;
- (ii) there was no change in the applicable fraction (as defined in §42(c)(1)(B)) of any building in the project, or that there was a change, and a description of the change;
- the Owner has received an annual income certification from each lowincome tenant, and documentation to support that certification; or, in the case of a tenant receiving §8 housing assistance payments, the statement from a public housing authority described at 26 CFR 1-42-5(b)(1)(vii), unless an exception to the annual re-certification is available because an entire building is occupied by low-income tenants under Section 42(g)(8)(B) of the Code;
- (iv) each low-income unit in the project was rent-restricted under §42(g)(2);
- (v) all units in the project were for use by the general public (as defined in Section 1.42-9 of the Treasury Regulations), including the requirement that no finding of discrimination under the Fair Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. 3601-3619, occurred for the Project. A finding of discrimination includes an adverse final decision by the Secretary of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), 24 CFR 180.680, an adverse final decision by a substantially equivalent sate or local fair housing agency, 42 USC 361a(a)(1), or an adverse judgment from a federal court;
- (vi) the buildings and low-income units in the project were suitable for occupancy, taking into account local health, safety, and building codes (or other habitability standards), and the State or local government unit responsible for making local health, safety or

building code inspections did not issue a violation report for any building or low-income unit in the project. If a violation report or notice was issued by the governmental unit, the owner must attach a statement summarizing the violation report or notice or a copy of the violation report or notice to the annual certification submitted to the Agency under paragraph (c)(1) of the Compliance Regulations. In addition, the owner must state whether the violation was corrected;

- (vii) there was no change in the eligible basis (as defined in §42(d)) of any building in the project, or if there was a change, the nature of the change (e.g., a common area has become commercial space or a fee is now charged for a tenant facility formerly provided without charge);
- (viii) all tenant facilities included in the eligible basis under §42(d) of any building in the project, such as swimming pools, other recreational facilities, and parking areas, were provided on a comparable basis without charge to all tenants in the building;
- (ix) if a low-income unit in the project became vacant during the year, that reasonable attempts were or are being made to rent that unit or the next available unit of comparable or smaller size to tenants having a qualifying income before any units in the project were or will be rented to tenants not having a qualifying income;
- (x) if the income of tenants of a low-income unit in the project increased above the limit allowed in §42(g)(2)(D)(ii), the next available unit of comparable or smaller size in the project was or will be rented to tenants having a qualifying income; and
- (xi) an extended low-income housing commitment as described in section 42(h)(6) of the Code was in effect (for buildings subject to section 7108(c)(1) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989, 103 Stat. 2106, 2308 2311 (1989)), including the requirement under section 42(h)(6)(B)(iv) that an owner cannot refuse to lease a unit in the project to an applicant because the applicant holds a voucher or certificate of eligibility under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, 42 U.S.C. 1437f (for buildings subject to section 13142(b)(4) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, 107 Stat 312, 438 439 (1993)); and
- (xii) all low-income units in the project were used on a non-transient basis (except for transitional housing for the homeless provided under section 42(i)(3)(B)(iii) or single-room-occupancy units rented on a month-by-month basis under section 42(i)(3)(B)(iv)).

XIII

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Review provisions of §1.42-5(c)(2), the Agency must:

- (i) review owner certifications under Section 1.45-5(c)(1) for compliance with the requirements of Section 42,
- (ii) conduct on-site inspections of all buildings in the project by the end of the second calendar year following the year the last building in the project is placed in service and, for a least 20 percent of the project's low-income units, inspect the units and review the low-income certifications, the documentation supporting the certifications, and the rent records for the tenants in those units; and
- (iii) at least once every 3 years, conduct on-site inspections of all buildings in the project and, for at least 20 percent of the project's low-income units, inspect the units and review the low-income certifications, the documentation supporting the certifications, and the rent records for the tenants in those units; and
- (iv) require that the Agency randomly select which low-income units and tenant records are to be inspected and reviewed by the Agency. [The review of tenant records may be undertaken wherever the owner maintains or stores the records (either on-site or off-site). The units and tenant records to be inspected and reviewed must be chosen in a manner that will not give owners of low-income housing projects advance notice that a unit and tenant records for a particular year will or will not be inspected and reviewed. However, the Agency may give an owner reasonable notice that an inspection of the building and low-income units or tenant record review will occur so that the owner may notify tenants of the inspection or assemble tenant records for review (for example, 30 days' notice of inspection or review).]

XIV

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Frequency and Form of Certification provisions of \$1.42-5(c)(3), the Agency must require that Owners submit certifications under penalty of perjury at least annually covering each year of the 15-year compliance period under \$42(i)(1); and

XV

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Inspection provisions of §1.45-5(d), the Agency must have the right to perform an on-site inspection of any low-income housing project at least through the end of the compliance period of the buildings in the project, which inspection is a separate requirement from any tenant file review under paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of the Compliance Regulations; and

XVI

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Notification of Non-Compliance provisions of 1.42-5(e)(2) and (3), the Agency agrees to give notice to the Owner and to the IRS, respectively, if the Agency (i) does not receive required certifications of the Owner, (ii) does not receive or is not permitted to inspect the tenant income certifications, supporting documentation, and rent records or (iii) discovers by inspection, review, or in some other manner, that the project is not in compliance with the provisions of §42; and

XVII

WHEREAS, pursuant to the provisions of §1.45-5(e)(4), relating to the correction period, the Owner will be permitted by the Agency to supply any missing certifications and bring the project into compliance with the provisions of §42 within a period which ends not later than 90 days from the date the Agency mails a Notice of Non-Compliance to the Owner; and

XVIII

WHEREAS, pursuant to the provisions of §1.45-5(g), the Owner acknowledges that compliance with the requirements of §42 is the responsibility of the Owner and that the Agency's obligation to monitor for non-compliance pursuant to §42 and the Compliance Regulations does not make the Agency liable for the Owner's non-compliance.

XIX

WHEREAS, this Compliance Monitoring Agreement is intended to comply with the requirements of §42(m)(1)(B)(iii) and the Compliance Regulations with respect to the procedures which the Agency (or an agent or other private contractor of the Agency) will follow in monitoring for non-compliance and in notifying the IRS of such non-compliance of which the Agency becomes aware;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Louisiana Housing Finance Agency, acting through its duly authorized officers, and the undersigned Owner hereby agree, covenant and represent as follows:

SECTION 1. Record-keeping by the Owner. The Owner agrees to develop and maintain, for each qualified low-income building for each year of the compliance period for such buildings or project described in **Exhibit A** the records and information which the Agency must require the Owner to keep as described in paragraph X of the preamble hereof and as required pursuant to §1.42-5(b)(1) of the Compliance Regulations.

SECTION 2. Record Retention by the Owner. The Owner agrees to maintain and retain the records and information described in paragraph X of the preamble hereof for the time described in paragraph XI of the preamble hereof and for the time which the Agency must require the Owner to maintain and retain such records and information pursuant to \{\}1.42-5(b)(2) of the Compliance Regulations.

SECTION 3. <u>Certifications by the Owner</u>. The Owner agrees to submit by February 15th of each calendar year the certifications of the form attached hereto as **Exhibit B** with respect to the immediately preceding calendar year which the Agency must require from the Owner as described in paragraph XII of the preamble hereof and as required pursuant to §1.42-5(c)(1) of the Compliance Regulations.

SECTION 4. Submission of Low-Income Tenant Annual Income Certification

Documentation and Rent Records. The Owner agrees to submit (i) by February 15th of
each calendar year on the form attached hereto as **Exhibit C** information on tenant
income and rent for each low income unit and (ii) within fifteen (15) calendar days of a
written request of the Agency (a) a copy of the annual income certifications, and the

documentation the owner has received to support that certification, with respect to the number and/or percentage of low-income tenants and (b) the rent record for each low-income tenant in the percentage (not less than 20%) of low-income units in the project described in **Exhibit A** as specified by the Agency.

SECTION 5. <u>Project Inspection</u>. The Owner agrees, acknowledges and specifically provides that the Agency has the right to perform an on-site inspection of the project described in **Exhibit A** at least through the end of the latter of the compliance period or extended use period.

SECTION 6. <u>Delivery of IRS Forms</u>. The Owner agrees to provide to the Agency the following:

- (a) Copy of IRS Form 8609 for each qualified low-income building;
- (b) Copy of Schedule A to Form 8609 for each qualified low-income building;
- (c) Copy of IRS Form 8586.

SECTION 7. <u>Annual Compliance/Monitoring Fee</u>. The Owner agrees to submit on or before December 31 of each year, beginning with the year any building in the Project is placed in service, the Annual Compliance Monitoring Fee constituting a minimum fee to be computed as follows:

Project Size	Minimum Fee
1-4 units	\$ 20.00
5-16 units	80.00
17-32 units	160.00
33-60 units	*
61-100 units	*
Over 100 units	*

^{*}Minimum fee is amount equal to 50% of units in Project times \$10.00.

The Agency reserves the right to charge such additional amounts at any time as may be required to monitor compliance in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

The Owner further acknowledges and agrees that failure to submit the Annual Compliance/Monitoring Fee will result in the Agency reporting that the Owner has failed to deliver the appropriate certifications and/or other documentation necessary to satisfy the Compliance Regulations.

SECTION 8. <u>Captions</u>. The captions or headings in this Compliance Monitoring Agreement are for convenience only and in no way define, limit or describe the scope or intent of any provisions or sections of this Compliance Monitoring Agreement.

SECTION 9. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Compliance Monitoring Agreement may be simultaneously executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which shall constitute but one and the same instrument.

SECTION 10. <u>Acceptance by Owner</u>. The undersigned Owner hereby acknowledges receipt of an executed counterpart of this Compliance Monitoring Agreement and hereby approves the terms and provisions thereof and agrees to be bound by all the provisions thereof applicable to Owner.

PRESIDENT

(Name of Owner)

By:
Title:

Dated: , 200